

miles and the

# NEWS.

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RIO DE JANEIRO, JULY 31st, 1900.

NUMBER 31

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in COURTE REPITION of this useful guide book is now in course of revision and will be published about the end of Avgust. It will be considerably improved and enlarged. A few good advertisements will be received. For terms and other information apply to the Editor to The Rio News.

#### Official Directory

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#### WEST COAST ITEMS.

—Chili has resolved to enforce the law of obligatory utilitary service.

—Preparations are making in Chilf for the mobilisation of the national guard.

—Negotiations on various pending questions have again been suspended between Chili and Bolivia.

—Negotiations on various pending questions have again been suspended between Chili and Bolivia.

—President Berazuriz is expected to return to Santiago to reasume the presidency on August 12th.

—The recent immulations in sonthern Chili-lave caused much denrie to property and bundreds of finities are without shelter.

—It is estimated that the damages to the Chilian railways by the recent immulations aggregate fourteen millions of pesos. The government has distributed relief to some 5,000 persons rendered destitute by the same immulations.

—A Panama telegram of the 26th says that the government having refused to surrender that the government and proclaimed the istlumbardent that the place at several points. The government chiefs took refuge on the Meanders. The American consul protested against the hombardment and proclaimed the istlums neutral territory, but the revolution-one that the government has defeated the rebels in the department of Panama, another that the rebels are threatening to attack the city of Panama and are fighting in its vicinity, and still another that the varies in doubt on every point, except that of the existence of a revolution.

#### RIVER PLATE ITEMS

RIVER PLATE ITEMS.

—A cattle show will be in ungurated at Montevideo or November 25th.

—The new Erngurvan minister to Brazil is to leave Montevideo for Rio on the 3rd prox.

—The Argentine sanitary smiths are imposing ten days quarantine at Martin Gircia on Paragnayan arrivals.

—The Argentine alcohol tax has produced the sum of \$7,580,000 m/n during the half-year ending Jame 30th last.

—The Argentine minister of finance says he has funds enough in London to meet the service of the public debt up to Jamary next.

—The Argentine congress has approved the grant of a concession for a railway across the Argentine Chaeo to Sunta Cruz in Bolivia.

—The Paragnayan anthorities have adopted

the Argentine Chaeo to Santa Criz in Bolivia.

"The Paraginayin authorities bave adopted vigorous measures against the pest, but information is lacking in regard to its progress.

"President Roca has commissioned Mayor Bullrich to make all preparations for the public reception of President Campos Sailes in September next.

"The Branes Aleas invested."

—The Buenos Aires journals are now suggesting that the mouth of October will be a much better time for President Compos Salles'

wisit than September, as the temperature will be much more agreeable. But is this the true reason for the suggestion? reason for the suggestion?

A Buenos Aires telegram of the 22nd says that the Argentine government expects to be able to declare extinct the foot and month disease in about 20 days. It is said that large orders for live cattle are waiting for the raising of the restrictions on the importation of Argentine cattle.

time cattle.

—The news of the resignation of Miss Eames as matron to the British Hospital, and her subsequent departure for good from the country next October will be received with regret by the British community. Miss Francs has endeared herself to all by her particularly sympathetic manner.—II. A. Slandard.

has endeared herself to all by her particularly sympathetic manuer.—It. A. Standard.

—The news of locusts from Santiago del Estero (says the Review) is by no means encouraging. In the department of Copo 1°, nearly too,ooo kilos of hoppers having been destroyed between the 9th May and the 3oth Janc. Of this quantity 74,500 kilos were destroyed in Nueva Esperanza.

—The untional government has to-day in London, after prying the interest and service on the debt, due on July 1st, one and a querter million sterling, which will be sufficient for the service due on October 1st, which will require £800,000, and it is only at the end of the year that the finance minister will have to remit.—Review, Buenos Aires, July 14.

—The sounte in Montevileo has approved the bill for legalizing bull fights. This is perfectly logical. Bull fighting is a savage sport which only half civilized people allow, and Uruguny places herself in this citegory. There are civilized people there, but they are too few to control the government which by a stretch of courtesy could be classed as half civilized.—Miss Isabel King, the accomplished directors of the Convence of the Turney Mernel.

evilized.—B. A. Herald.

— Miss Isabel King, the accomplished directress of the Concepcion del Uruguay Normal School, has left for Paris as a delegate to the International Woman's Congress at Paris, and luss been deputed also to make a study of education interests in connection with the Paris exhibition. Miss King has every qualification for the mission confided to her from which we shall hear good things later.—B. A. Herald.

Meradd.

—The census commission has at last published the general results of the census of the interior taken on March 1st. This gives the interior a population of 599,365 souls, or with 8.º/µ aidled for errors and omissions, 617,313. When to this is added 268,513 for the population of Montevideo (estimate) the population of the entire republic works out at 915,826, instead of the 862,565 stated in the Statistical Bulletin.—Montevideo Times.

—Congress has been in session since the first May and has done nothing but aspont a There has been no serions or useful legislation, and there will be none. Few attend to business so much as to attend the sessions, and those who do appear to have no sense of responsibility when there. There is a delage of oratory, and not good at that. There are a few sensible men in that body, but too few to stamp their character on it.—B. A. Herald, July 20.

character on it.—B. A. Heraid, July 20.

—In the Argentine province of Salta there are 1051 plantations of tobacco, which comprise 2733 hectareas under cultivation. It is calculated that the production this year in this province will amount to 2,600,000 kilos of tobacco. In the province of Julyi there are fifty-five plantations comprising 172 hectareas, which it is estimated will produce over 40,000 kilometres of tobacco. The provinces are in the extreme north and have a tropical climate.

the extreme north and have a tropical climate.

—In discussing the advantage of entitivating the proper fibre-producing plants and in creating mills for the production of begging and twine for harvest requirements, La Prensa of Buenos Aires says: Mn 1899 on country imported 31,580 tons of appillera (begging) with a value of \$6,315.99 gold, and 3.994 tons of tying twine valued at \$700,879 gold. Both smus form a total of \$7,106,879 gold, or paper \$16,345,901. It will be seen therefore that the manufacture of bygs and twine constitutes a powerfal inhustry in prospective, the establishment of which in this country should not be alchyed.

Islayed.a

The following two items from the Buenos Aires Hersid tell their own story:

"The army is getting into bad repute. The other day an officer was accused of being chief of a ging of forgers. Now a unijor is accused of stealing uniforms entrusted to him. The uniforms were found in a store at Arrecifes. The officer received them when he was head of the recruiting office in this city."

Another store of stolen uniforms has been found in Lujin. Even unsical instruments belonging to the war department have been stolen and sold in the slop where the uniforms were found.

The question of the tenders for the purficulty of the store of stolen and sold in the slop where the uniforms were found.

stolen and sold in the shop where the nuiforms were founds.

— The question of the Flores Island lazaret is becoming more farcical than ever. Two calls for tenders have already failed to produce satisfactory results, and now the term of the third call expired on Tuesday, with the consequence that only two persons presented themselves, and, this annuber being legally insufficient, they, declined to had in their tenders. What will be done next, we cannot say. Perhaps this third failure will convince the government of the folly of purveying the lazaret by contract. Parcical as the affair is, it is also mischievous, for the former contractor, whose proceedings have given rise to such lond complaints and serious dissatisfaction, trimphently retains his place, with the very constrable acquiescence of that inept body the conneil of hygiene, and the whole affair is just as unsatisfactory as can be.—\*Montevideo Times. July 20.

— Last week Dr. Andrade was against the

Just as insitusincity as can be,—monecuted Times, July 20.

—Last week Dr. Andrade was against the world: he was for taking away packet privileges from the Chili, and from any other steamer that should so insult his contrary, by suggesting that infection could possibly be conveyed from Bahia to the River Plate: this week there were none so poor as do him reverence, and he has made a representation to the Argentine and Uruguayan authorities to the effect that severe measures of restriction have been placed on all vessels proceeding out of Rio—Hat in other words Bahia and the other ports have been compelled to put Rio in quarantine, which previously they seem to have been rather unwilling to do. We trust that the anthorities will listen to Dr. Andrade's humble prayer, and not nucle out to him the measure which he was so desirous of meting out to hang about there unaccomtably, and it would not be altogether surprising if it were to prevent President Campos Salles' long promised visit to this country.—Review, Bucuos Aires, July 14.

—We had hoped that the interminable question of huits with un Chiling anishbore had to the property of the president Campos Salles' long promised visit to this country.—Review, Bucuos Aires, July 14.

long promised visit to this country.—Reviere, Bueuos Aires. July 14.

—We had hoped that the interminable question of limits with our Chilian neighbors had heep practically settled, and that the experience through which the country passed, only a year or two since, when the war scare and the bugbear of invasion were upon us, would have taught wisdom in more having form on both sides of the Amles. But that we were mistaken is only ton clearly proved by the incident of the Wilker Mirtinez int rpellation in the Chili in congress. At first indeed it appeared to be and probably was nothing but an electioneering trick on the part of a politician in order to make party capital and obtain a hearing. In fact, the action of the majority in congress showed that no one entertained any fear of mischief arising from the incident; but that harm was done, there can be no doubt. Mischief-makers and abrunists are never wanting in any community, and the propagands set on foot by the newspapers of influmatory proclivities in both countries, has unfortunately been only too successful in sowing the seeds of polemical discord anew. Why reams of good piper should be stained and made base use of in discussion of matters which have been already laid saide as finished with, it is perplexing to imagine. Such would, however, appear to be what we are drifting to once more, and when motives are looked for, and invented, to prove the existence of international ill-will, it is comparatively easy to fan the falue, provided that the public prints give themselves to the task, on amore, as they seem to be doling.—Review, Buenos Aires, July 14.

#### Banks.

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Executes orders for purchases and sales of stocks, shares, t.c., and transacts every description of banking business.

#### THE POET AND THE BABY.

How's a man to write a sounce, can you tell,— How's he going to weave the dim, poetic spell,— When a foodfling on the floor. Is the aires he must adore, And to its muse he loves, not wisely, but too well?

Now, to write a somet, every one allows, one mn-t always be as quiet as a mouse; but to write one scena to me Quite superfluors to be, When you've got a futle somet in the house.

Just a dainty little poem, true and fine. That is lull of love and life in every line, Earnest, delicate, and sweet, Alogether so complete That I wonder what's the use of writing mine.

- Paul Laurence Dunbar.

#### THE RUSSIANS IN CHINA.

THE RUSSIANS IN CHIPNA.

Under the title of "A Week's Campaign with the Russians," Many Gay Humphreys writes as follows of Port Arthur, the Russian stronghold in China, and Wei-hai-wei. The writer was in Pekin and from there went to Port Arthur. No difficulties were raised by the Russimanthorities, nor was a special passport exacted. The account will be interesting because of the dangerous complications which have recently arisen in that part of the world. The extracts are from the Area Port Times, The Russian Consul dismissed airily the matter of a passport. Any sort of thing apparently would do. This was very different from the iron-chal restrictions and minute inquiries I had auticipated. He entered with interest into my visit, and suggested my waiting for the Russian transport soon due, in which I could remain on board, as Port Arthur had no proper hotel.

PANCO DA REPUBLICA DO BRAZIL,

Which secured it, like a ripe plum. One must see it to appreciate the humiliation of Japan, having to give my such whitable fruits of wictory. For Arthur's not only the best-built Chinese to and have seen, but, for the purposes Reserve Fund. Rs. 101.248:400\$000

N. B. This capital to be reduced to Rs. 100.0000008 m accordance with the Government's Decree of 8th May 1897.

RESERVE FUND. Rs. 17.480:078\$736

Profilts in suspense Rs. 11.156:739\$835

on Bist May 1900.

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Comptoir National d'Escompte de Paris, Hottingner & Co.

Comptoir National d'Escompte de Paris, Handley and Control of Port Arthur that one might walk on a gangplank from steamer to shore.

The evening was fair, and the whole population, apparently, had came dawn to never a gangplank from steamer to shore.

The evening was fair, and the whole population, apparently, had came dawn to never the control of the work was a contractor. Curionally enough, he was a contractor. Curionally enough the first of the delies picking their way about on the artist of the delies picking their way about on the artist of the proficers, in the fashion of long agu.

There are three Aunericans living in Port Arthur One of these is a California bride

were the ladies picking their way about on the arms of the officers, in the fashion of long ago.

There are three Americans living in Port Arthur. One of these is a California bride who arrived from Vladivostock the day before I came. She was busy putting her curious little Chinsas house to rights. The presence of these Americans is in commection with the Vladivostock firm of Clarkson & Co. With the exception of a foreign restauratem these were the only foreigners in Port Arthur. Els. where I found the privileges shown to this firm regarded as a significant act of friendliness. It will doubtless be a profitable one. On the dock were piled thousands of bags of oats and stuffs brought over by them for the Russian cavalry.

The listoric points of Port Arthur are not many. The Chinese had fortified the heights seward, but had neglected to defend those in the rear. They had decided that the Japanese were to attack them by sea. Instead, the Japanese were to make the proper on the hills in the rear, swept the town. The Chinese comment was that the Japanese were a rude people. It is as if a neighbor had entered the kitchen instead of coming around by the front door in a proper manner. The inhabitants who were not killed rau away and have never come back. The abandoned houses of the better sort have been cleated out, whitewashed, and in these the officers and their families mainly live. Even the Americans are the gnests of the Cara and pay no rent. The town is well kept. One need fear neither epidemics nor dirt diseases. It drains well, owing much to the natural arlyantage of the situation, but more to the gutters built by the French. There are neither begurs nor stray starving dogs to be seen. There is work for everybody, and everybody is at work.

inquiries I hadauticipated. He entered with interest into my visit, and suggested my waiting for the Russian transport soon due, my which I could remain on board, as Port Aithur had no proper hotel.

Chee-Foo is a port in trussit on the sontherm coast of the Galf of Pe-Chi-Li, in the province of Shang-Tung, of which Wei-Hai-Wei is the extremity. Incidentally it is a summer resort with fine bathing. It has two prominent features. One is its boarding schools for the foreign boys and girls of China and Japan; the other an abmidance of American pears, grapes, and plausi introduced by Dr. Nevins, the American missionary, off of which scores of Chinamen now make their living. I waited there uite days for the Khabarosk, which after all stole in during the night, and was to sail at 10 a. m. One travels by chair this region, and on the water by sampan. To command haste one pokes the leader in thack and cries achop-chop. It is monotonous, but measurably effective. At least I reached the steamer before she weighed anchor.

The Khabarosk belongs to what the Russians call the suboble volunteers. These combine in a facet to a dozen or more slips plying between Valdivostock, Nagasaki, and Shanghai, subordinate to government interests, and to be used for service in case of wir. Freum these receive a subsidy. For part of Russian satureness in the Dast is the manner in which she backs up ostensibly private enterprises—dects, banks, railways, mines.

The journey from Chee-Foo is in an almost direct line. From the receding bluffs and hightnose of the pretty-harbor, where a Russian man-of-war lay at anchor, to the blufk into black guns pointing seaward from the black imposing Rossia, the distance of eighty miles is made in eight hours. The central control of the pretty-harbor where a Russian than-of-war lay at anchor, to the bluffs and the active occupation, with Russian flag flying and black guns pointing seaward from the opposite crest, one would scarcely imagine an interruption to the clear of many proposition of miles and the a at work.

To leave the pier one goes through a gnarded

pitous heights. Nor were the Germans in the East better pleased with Kriou-Chau, "Guy-Joe," as it is called, for, according to the foreign method of Romanizing Chinese words, they are not to be pronounced as they are spelled. "Guy-Joes then is merely a surfl. Chinese town with provision for a gurison and a shallow harbor. The Germans, however, have other concessions, and the contemplated railway in Shrutung, which is a rich pravince, will make it a profitable port and worth the money to be expended. The English have nothing of this to encourage them at the barren and prescribed limits of Wai-Hai-Wai, whose strategic relation to Port Arthur is of small importance. importance

From The National Remen

#### CAPE TOWN JOURNALS.

From The National Review.

CAPE TOWN JOURNALS.

In London the newspapers, with their frantic headlines and descriptions, create a fever heat. The various editions keep people almost in a state of hourly excitement, the rashest judgments are formed, and shams are swellowed as gospel. Thus public opinion remains in a perpetual ferment. Printed wirds seem to create a sort of delirium which, if uttered personally, produce a sobering effect. At Cape Town there is no exciting press; the news dribbles ont, and there is no sensational writing. The Cape Towns appears every morning. It is impossible to be excited over it, because it produces no news at all, or the scantiest news. Now and then there is a belate! Reuter.

All the news of the war goes home first and is returned three weeks later, by which time it is tolerably stale. In the meantime officers have come down-from the front either sick wounded, or on leave, and have related prosaically all that has passed. The South African News in mother morning paper, which, however, no self-respecting Englishman would touch. It is a pro-Darr organ, the publication of which marks the amazing, not to say stupid, tolerance of the British government. Imagine any government which, being at war, allows a newspaper to be published within the sphere of its authority that prints a notice af how volunteers may be enrolled in the enemy's ranks. This is what the South African News did by quoting a notice from a Pretorian journal, giving in tructions how to join the Boer-Trish brigads. Tuen there is a flery-colored evening paper called The Oxford Program which, commencing editions during the afternoon. Sone times it contains a telegram from Landon reporting an in me question put in the honse of commons.

#### AMATEUR THEATRICAL PERFORM ANCE.

ANCE.

The austeur theorized performance at the International Clab, Santa Rosa, Nietherov, on Saturday evening last, was a pleasing success, the attendance being large, the audience appreciative, and the performers surprisingly successful. It is the first time within one experience here that the ladies have taken part in anateur theatricals, and we trust that their success in this entertainment will induce them to try again. If an anateur dramatic society could be formed here, it would do much to diversify and brighten the somewhat uninteresting social life which our English-speaking colony is compelled to lead in this comparatively littless capital.

The programme given on Santalay evening was composed of Rose and Carraway's "The Marble Arch. Henry Arthur Jones" "The Deacons, and an interlude. The characters were filled by the following ladies and gentlemen:

THE MARBLE ARCH.

Jack Merewelher.... Mr. E. A. Tootal.
Captain Trentham
(Bachelor)..... Mr. W. Bardsley
Constance Cameron

INTERRUDE

Recitation . . . . Mr. Leopolda Froes
do . . . . Mr. Martins Teixeira
do (Rienzi's addo (Rienzi's address to the Romans) Mr. R. Ross Napier

THE DEACON

Tibbels (Tom's man). Mr. J. H. Steatham
The scenery was painted by Messrs. W. C.
Thomson and B. Cellini, and was awarded
much praise, together with all the stage arrangements. It is not an easy thing to improvise
a theatre, but Mr. Thomson, who took a principal part in the arrangements, achieved a
marked success in this direction.

At the close of the performance Mr. T. C.
Jackson tendered the thanks of the audience
for the entertainment and expressed a wish
that it might be repeated, in which we heartily
join. There are many who could not be
present on Saturday who would be glad of
another coportunity.

AN IMPORTANT DECISION.

AN IMPORTANT DECISION.

At a meeting of the Just Commercial on the and inst, the following inpursant decision on the legality of the new exection of the minister of finance, that foreign tridemirks in Portuguese shall he surcharged with the place of origin, was read and filed. As the registry of trulemurks belongs to the department of industry, transportation and public works, this decision is not only impurtant, but should be considered final. The crhediente, as published in the Journal do Commercio of July 21th (page 5) is as follows:

Expediente, Official letter of goth ult. from the Directoria Geral de Industria of Unsecretaria de Estado dos Negocios da Industria, Vireño e Obras Publicas, remitting in solution of the consultation made by this Juntand for information upon the final topic, capy of the arise directed to the respective minister by that of finance on the 16th of the said month, declaring that the prohibitian of art. J.5. 2nd part, af the law in 641 of 14th November 1899 does not impule the deposit, registry and filing of foreign unrise which canatin words in the Portuguese lungings, and suggesting the convenience of execting the declaration of origin of the products covered by such marks, in case there exists no disposition of law which is opposed to the adaption of this measure. It is ordered to acknowledge receipt and to advise that the exaction of an indication of the origin of the products on the unrise under consideration, seams contrave not any to the diplomatic conventions between Bezil and other caustries and the internation of (2801 July, 1834, which assured to them the right to registry and deposit, in conformity with art. 25 of law no. 3,346 of Liph October, 1887 without dependence upon the alluded declaration of art.) and of the protocols of the Madrid conference, appendices to decrem no. 2350 and November, 1885, and referring to the marks regist see In the Bure un International de la Propriété Industrielle.

#### CRUSTACEAN IMPERIALISM.

CRUSTACEAN IMPERIALISM.

«Kinki-doodle-do» sends me a tale about a sugaciona bibstar. I must have been unjust to this well-known decapod, the toothsome maccourous, marine crustee m, but I have never regarded it as endowed with much sequeity. It is possible, of course, that we think chiefly of the lobster in its wind daws, which is not fair. The tale which re-clees me shows that the libsters down at Ovster Bed Cove, on the south cast side of Launebing Point, P. F. I., know their way about and act accordingly.

For it is on record that one Paddy McCornick was distressed by the deterioration of the oysters in that part of the world, and so kept watch over a bed.

Inspening to some the bottom with his water-glass he observed several large lobsters. Two of them thad in one claw a pebble about the size of a small henerge. One approached a large cyster, which, on feeling the water stirred, closed its shell. The lobster lay with the p-lible poised in its claw within half an inch of the thin end of the osster-shell which in two or three minutes began to open again. As soon as it had opened enough the lobster lay the cover powerless to close it. The animal's feelers were then need to extract the contents of the shell, which it at quite deliberately.

A most shellfish proceeding (I know a lobster is the contents of the shell, which it are

animal's fecters were then used to extract the contents of the shell, which it ate quite deliberately.

A most shellfis's proceeding (I know a lobster is not a fish, so don't worry) which shows that even at the bottom of the sea it is possible to astonish the natives.

The oyster is rained by a small stone, and so may correctly enough be described as a stony-broke, a or in a condition which I believe racing men sometimes describe as a pebble y.o But what is the moral of all this? I am always anxions to draw a lesson from these little tales. The moral is clear enough—the oyster comes to grief through not shutting up. Many a non has been rained in the same way. Nor will I pretend for one moment that this is a lesson of particular value to my young friends. It is addressed quite as much, if not more, to the aged, for, as I have pointed out before, men are like nubrelas, the older they become the more difficult it is to shut them up.—\*S. I. H.a in Morning Leader.

#### NURSE.

A trained nurse, who speaks English, German and ortugese, offers her services for any kind of illness, an give best of recommendations.

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The best table water, being absolutely natural, and
is bottled on the same system adopted by the Carisbad,
Apollinaris, Vichy and other renowned European
mineral waters.

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TELEPHONE 450

RIO DE JANEIRO

King, Ferreira & Co. beg to advise their friends and clients that the partnership hitherto existing between William S. King, Agostinho Joaquim Ferreira, and Walter R. Cassels as a sleeping partnet (commanditario) was by mutual and amicable arrangement dissolved on the 18th inst., Mr. W. R. Cassels retiring from the firm, and that on the same date a new partnership was formed between William S. King, Agostinho Joaquim Ferreira, and Malcolm King, for continuing the business under the same style of King Ferreira & Co.

Rio de Janeiro, 28th July, 1900

#### SITUATION WANTED.

German lady who speaks English, French Spanish, has some unisical knowledge, and is experienced in housekeeping, wants suitable position; no objection locumery. Letters to this office.

#### F. W. SPRENGER.

SCHNEIDER,

#### RUA DA ALFANDEGA 40.

In folge einer nothwendigen Reise nach Europa, beabsichtigt seinen ganzen Vorrath zu ganz besonders billigen Preisen aufzuräu-men.

#### F. W. SPRENGER,

TAILOR.

#### RUA DA ALFANDEGA 40.

On account of leaving for Europe shortly selling off his entire stock at very great reductions.

#### Hotels.

#### Restaurant & Lunchroom ZUM MÜNGHNER KIND'L

10. Rua General Camara, 10

ist class German cooking,

and excellent service.

#### MODERATE PRICES

Herman Moronoff,

### RESTAURANT "CAMPI"

RUA DA ALFANDEGA N. 7

This house is particularly renowned for its splendid Breakfasts and Lauches.

The attendance is excellent and the cooking cannot be beaten by any Restaurant in Rio de Janeir

The Proprietors exercise every care to please their Customers.

Rio de Janeiro, 15th May, 1900,

C. CAMPI & Co.

### Grande Hotel Metropole

181, RUA DAS LARANGEIRAS, 181



#### CARSON'S HOTEL

158, Rua do Cattete,

RIO DE JANEIRO.

This well mounted establishment is situated in the hest and must healthy part of the capital, with health ful garden and grounds, and electric transways passing the door continually.

Hot and cold baths, splendid rooms and accommodation for families with a well chosen staff of attendants guarantee the comfort of all visitors.

Carlos Ribotzi.

#### Hotel dos Estrangeiros

PRAÇA JOSE' D'ALENGAR No. 1

(Cuttete)

Telephone No. 493

This botel, which has been completely restored, is situated in the best part of the city, receiving air and light from all bour sides, close to the cleanest beach of the city, surrounded by a large garden; has large, shower and some best of distinctions in the water-closets, drinking water filtered by the Pustern system, conditable service, and is, therefore, to be considered the first hotel of this capital.

Possesses also a simulations subon and splendid table service for banguets.

Its restaurant and service cannot be excelled.

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"t send you by parcels post a Dunlop Tyre which has had a record experience, having been in daily use on the back wheel of my bicycle since 1896, and done fully 15.000 "tropical" miles. The front type, like Charley's Aunt, is still running and absolutely flawless, although fitted at the same time as the one now sent to you. I think this fact speaks volumes for the durability of your tyres.

MR. F. M. STAPLES,

Colombo, Ceylon.

In order to prevent fraud purchasers of these famous tyres should make a point of observing that the Company's trade mark's embossed on the outer cover and inner tube.





THE DUNLOP PNEUMATIC TYRES CO., LTD., Alma Street, Coventry, England.

### TELEGRAMS OF THE WEEK

SUMMARY FROM DAILY PRESS.

Great Britain.

July 22.—The Chinese legations have made public a telegram from the viceroy of Nankin stating that an imperial decree of July 18 had ordered the punishment of the assessins of Barovock Rettler, and that the other foreign ministers are safe. The statement is doubted in many quarters.—Admiral Seymonr telegraphs that the suburis of Tientsin have been deserted by the Chinese.—Li-Hung Chang has arrived at Shanghai on his way to Pekin.—The governor of Shantung has advised the foreign consuls at Chefoo that according to trustworthy advices from Pekin the foreign ministers there had not been molested by the rebels and that the Chinese government is July 23.—The powers have resolved to

trustworthy advices from Pekin the foreign ministers there had not been molested by the rebels and that the Chinese government is protecting them.

JUN 23.—The powers have resolved to exact from China the general desarmament of the rebels and the occupation of Pekin by the allied forces; Germany reserving the right to avenge the death of Baron von Ketteler and Russin to rectify her Siberian frontier (which means a big silice of Chinese territory.)—The Daily Telegy aph says the foreign consuls at Shanghai refuse to recognise the powers with which Li-Hung-Chang claims to be invested. They consider the odvices from the governor of Shanthang about the safety of the fureign ministers at Pekin as subterfuges, designed to gain time.—The railway between Taku and Teintsin is again in working order, and that district is free of Boxers.—A Shanghai telegram reports an attack on Wei-Inni-wei by the Chinese, who were repelled after a bloody fight.—Various mission stations in Honan have been destroyed by the Boxers, the foreign missionaises fortunately escaping.—A Taku telegram says an imperial decree has just appeared ordering inquiries into the prejudices suffered by foreigners, which are to be indemnified with the exception of those caused by the attack on Tientsin.—From South Africa.

Bloemfontein telegram of yesterday advises the cutting of railway communication with Pretoria morth of Koningspurit, against which place the Boxers are marching.

JUN 24.—The British cousal at Tientsin telegraphs that he bus to-day received a dispatch from Sic Claude M. Muedonald, British minister of Pekin, duted 4th July, in which he asks urgent relief as the legation has previsions for only 55 days more. He olds that of the persons who have taken refuge in the legation in London announces that the foreign ministers at Pekin will soon leave there for Tientsin, escorted by imperial troops to protect them front the rebels.—The World Albusten and spating that 250 British prisoners had just arrived there. The same dispatch stote for the press e

regard to the Boe victories reported yesterday.

The price of coal has gone up a shilling and eight pence.

JULY, 25.—It is stated that up to the 44th the foreign diplomats in Pekin were unbart, but great uneasitiess still exists.—Li-Hung Chang (the old fox!) days that the imperial government will send an escort with the ministers to Tientsin to protect them from harm. The Baily Telegraph says a tranquillaring dispatch has been received at Rome from the Italian minister.—The Times is advised that Li-Hung-Chang will be permitted to go to Pekin only in case the Dowager Empress slows herself repentant for the harm caused by her espousal of the cause of the Boxers. The Times correspondent believes that the fighting in the streets of Pekin has ended.—News through a Chinese source says that anorthy reigns in Pekin, and that the defenders of the foreign legations are husbanding their annumition in order to maintain themselves mitd succor arrives. It is asserted that the Boxers and imperial troops are now fighting each other.—The viceory of Canton says the foreigners in Pekin were safe up to the 2 and inst.—Lord Roberts telegraphs that he has begun a general advance against the Boers east of Pretoria. The latter, be adds. have captured 200 British, but the telegran does not say where. After a sharp fight the British dislodged the enemy in Majonto-pass, inflicting considerable loss.

JULY 26.—The Shanghai correspondents continue to affirm that the foreigners in Pekin were massacred on July 7th. News is also received that the French bishop was nurdered and his head carried through the streets of Pekin on a lance.—It is said that over 200 Russian railway guards in Manchuria have been killed.—The Daily Telegraph correspondents to spream for war, increasing the forces of Sodlers and sailors now in service. The same viceroy lass protested against the sending of foreign gumboats to French sistend of Shancen, at Canton, where the British and French concessions are located, avaiting orders to attack the foreigners.—The Times sa

chwang with the intention of marching on Monkden, capital of Manchuria. (Russia's object is to secure the province of Manchuria and the weakness of the present British government, which can see nothing but hated Boers, will facilitate her accomplishing that purpose.)—Another telegram to the Times says the foreign admirals have given to Russia the supervision and guard of the railway from Taku to Tientsia, but the American and British admirals have protested against this combination of the commanders of the foreign flests.—It is said that the foreign consuls at Shangbai have telegraphed to te foreign muinters at Pekin through Li Hung-Chang, who has promised replies as soon as received.—Great measiness has appeared in the ports of the Yang ste, and important movements of Chinese troops have been noted.—The allied powers have agreed on giving the chief command of the allied forces to the Japanese general.—Great leat is reported from London, where hundreds of cases of stustroke have occurred, the thermometer marking 45° cent. (13° Fabr).

JULY 27.—The Daily Express relates that the bishop variets with the province of the property of the bishop variets with the light province of the province of the part of the province of the provi

the thermometer marking 45" cent. (115" Fahr).

JULY 27.—The Daily Express relates that the bishop, priests and converts of the Italian mission at Hensienfon, in Human, something over 600 in all, have been massacred—The British government has also been asked to mediate in the Chinese trouble.—The Daily Mail correspondent at Slanghai says a letter has been received there from the British minister at Tekin, dated July 6th, in which is says all the says all the legations have been destroyed except three, and that as their manitions are becoming serice they may be overcome at any moment.—The French vice-consul at Tientsin sears the British legation at Pekin was still hubling out on the 9th inst., and the imantes were killing the horses of the soldiers for foot. The secretary of legation soys they are entreuched in the ruins of the cathedral.—In a combat between Gens. Hanter and Clements and the Boers in the Orange Free State, the latter withdrew in goad order, earrying off alt their equipments and biggage.—Parliament will be dissolved in August and new elections are to be held in October.

JULY 28.—The Daily Express hears via Shanghai that Prince Tran has been killed in

new elections are to be held in October.

JULY 28.—The Buily Express hears via Shanghai that Prince Tran has been killed in a fight.—The Duily Mad bearns from Shanghai that a banker who left Pekin on July 7th reports all the foreign legations destroyed but does not know whether their immetes were killed or made prisoners—It is reported that uine lengthst noiscionaries have been massacred pear Hang clain.—The Boxers are threatening to attack Canton.—The allies have concentrated 23,000 men at Tientsin to march against Fekin,—Telegrams from Sauth Africa announce the occupation of Middlelburg which was not defended by the Boers.

Haited Systes.

#### United States.

United States.

JULY 22.—Scaretary Hay continues to credit the authenticity of the telegram received from Minister Conger in Pekin.—General Wilson has been appointed to command a brigade in China, under the orders of General Chaffee.—Telegrams received here state that the legal forces in Colombia defeated the rebels near Panona.

Panonia.

JUN 23.—Serretary Hoy declares that the United States minister at Pekin will demand heavy indeamity for the prejudices suffered by Americans in the present conflict in Chino.—A telegrant from Tokin saws a strong force is preparing to leave for Pekin on the 30th iost.—President McKinley says he will andertake to mediate between the powers and China only on conditions which will be in the known to interface. to morrow.

only on conditions which with 0.5 in the known to-morrow.

Juny 24.—The Chinese minister at Washington has received a telegram from Sheng, (director of railways) stating that the foreign ministers at Pekin are soft and that they have stated on their journey to Tientsin. The news is not credited.—In reply to the petition of the Chinese Emperor for mediation President McKinley says it can be undertaken only in case the Emperor ervedts the fate of the foreign ministers in Pekin, illierates theor from the risks to which they are exposed, places them in direct communication with their respective governments and assists the allied forces in reestablishing order in China.—The New York Herad annonness that the Colombian insurgents had defeated the government forces at Corazile, near Pannana, on the 2nth inst., and that the government communical had taken refuge on the British steoner steannels. «Leander.»

\*Leander.\*

JUN 25.— Secretary Hay has received a letter from Minister Conger, dated 4th inst., similar to the one received from the British minister. He says they are in a difficult position and love lost about 1.0 in killed and wounded. He asks for urgent relief.— Secretary Hay has directed another telegram to Minister Conger asking for further information.— Telegrams from Cataens state that peace was proclaimed in Colombia after the defeat of the government troope at Corozal. At Panana the fighting continues however.

JUN 26.— The U. S. government In so or-

At Pannad the fighting continues however.

JULY 26. — The U. S. government has ordered a war vessel to Pannad. — The American consol at Pannad has telegraphed to dry that the revolution has failed and the liberals have made their submission. — Private telegrams state that the rebels threaten to bomborl Pannad, in which case the United States will protest as it will be a violation of the treaty of 1846, which cleared the isthmus of Pannad neutral territory. —A Headd telegram says that in the last combats the revolutionary generals Diaz and Arosemena were killed, and the legal forces has, four officers killed. The situation in Colombia was becoming worse. —Secretary Hay denies that divergencies had

risen betwen President McKinley and other nowers in regard to the Chinese question.

powers in regard to the Chinese question.

JULY 28.—It is asserted that Secretary Hay is beginning to doubt the authenticity of the telegram received from Minister Conger some days ago.— Four batteries of artiflery and Soo men left San Francisco to-day for Nagasaki, the depot ceded to the United States by Japan for the forces operating in China.— Grave disorders are reported from Yunuan.— Li-Hang-Chang telegraphs to the N. Y. Tribune that the foreelegraphis to the N. Y. Tribune that the foreign ministers at Pekin are all safe and that the march of the allies upon that capital is nunecessive.

France.

#### France

France.

JULY 23.—An expedition against Morocco under the command of General Risburg is being organized. It will consist of 8 battalions of infinity and 5 squadrons of cavulry. Prince Henry d'Orleans will accompany the expedition as a volunteer.—Intense heat is felt and various payllions at the exposition have been closed.—Telegrams from Capetown state that the Boers have retaken Krugersdorp, where they captured a train. In a bloody fight Gen. Little had defented and dispersed a force of Buers maker Gen. Dewet.

111.Y. 24.—The French consul at Tientsin

of Buers under Gen. Dewet.

July 24.—The Freuch consul at Tientsin telegraphs that the members of the Freuch legation were alive on the 17th inst. They had suffered attacks from the rebels, which the imperial troops had repulsed. Finally the duplomats had been conducted to the imperial city and sheltered in a dependency of the palace.—Gen. Voyron will emberk for China on Sunday next. The French contingent will consist of 17 regiments of marines and 1 ross auxiliaries from Tunkin. The French fleet will be commanded by Admiral Jottier. Pottier.

otter.

July 25.—It is said that too Prench missionaries have been massacred in Manciuria lons.—A lorge fire broke out this morning in the Paris Exposition, in the Guyana parilion.—President Londet to day received in Leyds and the Boer delegates at the Research

Rlysée.

JULY 26 — Max Regis and his associates in the Algeria disorders of December last, have been absolved. — It is stated that Mr. Blanchet and his companions have been made prisoners at Atar in Feench West Africa. — A Cipetown dispatch says the Beers have abandoned Middleburg, which will be occupied to-morrow by Gen. Hamilton.

July 27.—The Journal Official to day published a decree prohibiting the exportation of arms and munitions to China.

of arms and munitions to China.

JULY 28.—Lerny-Beaulieu hos published an article in the Economiste Français eulogising President Campos Salles for the sincerity with which he has executed the accord of 1893, by diminishing the outstanding paper circulation. He thinks the retirement of a further 50.000,000% will elevate exchange to 18. (Perhaps if the eminent French economist were hetter informed he would be less certain of the President's sincerity.)—The Chinese minister in Paris is informed that the foreign ministers were safe on the 24th inst.

—The Shah of Persia arrived at Paris to-day.

—General Gallieni has been reappointed -The Shoh of Persia arrived at Paris to-day, -General Gallieni has been reappointed commander-in-chief of the Freuch forces in Madagascar.

Germany,

JULY 23.—A large deposit of cotton, hides and wood at Bambarg was burned last might. The losses are estimated at 3,00,000 marks.
—The government, in view of the situation, will ask the refeishard in increase the navy.—The Kolnische Zeitung says the sacrifices imposed upon Germany will render it necessary for her to exact territory from China as compensation.

JULY 24.—Highten 24.

pensation.

JCLY 24.—It is stated that Count von Bulow has declined to present to the Emperor the petition for mediation from the Emperor of China while the fate of the foreign ministers in Pekin is misknown, while the assussination of Baron von Ketteler is unredressed, and while no guarantees for the future in China are offered.

#### Russia.

JULY 22.—Corea is reported to be sending troops to the Chinese frontier to prevent an invasion.

invasion.

JULY 23.—The Car has postpoued his visit to the Paris exposition.—The Shah left to-day for France.—Advices have been received that the Chinese have occupied militarily the city of Khailar, near the Siberian frontier.

JULY 24.—The Times leavus from St. Petersburg that Lient, Gen. Rounopatkine will probably be appointed to command the Russian forces in China.—The New York Johnny Advertiser is informed that 3,000 Russians from Port Arthur had artived at Newchwang, and that a battle is imminent with the ten thousand Chinese opposing them.

JULY 25.—The Chinese minister at St. Pe-

JULY 25.—The Chinese minister at St Petersburg has received news of the safety of the foreign ministers in Pekin. He is instructed to ask Russia's mediation.—News of yesterday state that the railway and Jantaj coal mines in Manchurta have been destroyed the Boxers

by the lloxers.

JULY 26.— The nomination of M. Isvalski, Russian minister to Japan, as the successor of Count Monravieff, is not yet confirmed.— It is aumounced that the Russians have dislodged the Chinese from the river ports on the Siberian frontier, [killing 300 of them and blowing up three powder deposits.

JULY 28.—The Car has brusquely dismissed the Chinese minister at St Petersburg.

#### Italy

JULY 23.-A Genoa telegram says the Ger-an contingent for China had embarked at that port.

r 25.—The Italian government believes he foreign ministers at Pekin are still alive.

JULY 29.—The Emperor William is expected in Rome in September on a visit to King Humbert.—The government intends to ask congress for a credit to increase the navy.

Humbert.—The government intends to ask coogress for a credit to increase the navy. JUJY 30.—At 10.45 p. nu, yesterday as King Humbert was leaving a lyceum in Monza, where he had distributed the prizes to the successful pupils, and just as he was taking a seat in his carriage, three shots were fired at him, one of which pierced his heart. He died about half an hour later, on bis arrival at the palace. Queen Margarila was with him at the moment of his denth. The assassin is a Tiscan named Angelo Bressi, 31 years of age, and calls himself a revolutionary anarchist. He confesses the crime and says he hates all sovereigns. He denies that he has been in communication with various anarchist societies. After being embabned the remains of the king will be brought to Rome and deposited in the Pantheon. The heir apparent was recently at Jerus dem with bis wife and was at Piracus, Greece, yesterday on his yarch. In response to a telegram he left at ince for Ltdy. He will assome the title of Victor Emmanuel III. (The new king was born November 11,1869 and is therefore but one day younger than Bressi, the assassin.)

#### Miscellaneous.

-A Belgrade telegram annon Alexander I of the approaching marriage of Alexa Servia to the widow Drag muschin.

JULY 23.—The stevedores strike at Rotterdan has terminated, and too steamers are now receiving cargo.—The death of the Portuguese statesman Barjona de Freitas is aunonneed.

nonneed.

JULY 24—Ex-King Milan objects to the marriage of hisson to the widow Dragamaschin and has resigned his position as commandering-disfinite Service army. Alexander has accept the resignation.—It is stated that volunteers are about to be enrolled in Belgium for Chingal service. Chinesé service.

JULY 27.—The Spanish cabinet has considered the offer of \$100,000 by the United States for the islands of Sibuth and Cagayan, and considers it acceptable. (We should think so!

JULY 28.—In European political circles it is considered that the marriage of Alexander I of Servia will bove serious consequences. A revolution is likely to result, when Austria will occupy Servia and then Russia, for compensation, will occupy Bulgaria.

#### RIVER PLATE ITEMS.

Since he is to be our guest we cannot do less than he did for our President when he visited Brazil.—Huenos Aires Herald.

—The Review of Buenos Aires translates the following interesting agricultural note from the coburns of La Peusa: «With marked satisfaction we bave seen that many colonists of Misioness, Corrientes and Tucuman have renewed their labors in the coltivation of rice, one of the rural industries which promises great benefits to those who know how to nanipalate them in proper fashion. In the territory of Misiones many trials have been unde with flatering results, not only on account of the quality of grain harvested, but also for the facilities which present themselves for its transport, which will not be humpered with the charges inherent to carriage by land, since the products of Misiones can reach the parts of the sechonal by way of the river traffic. The exceptional conditions which our soil offers for the rice cultivation, whether it be on day land or in lagoons are guarantees more than sufficient for its cultivation, thus forming a new industry, and chiefly when it will be possible to grow tice in quantities which will exceed what is required for domestic consumption, since this grain is exportable to the beighboring countries such as the Oriental republic which imports it from Europe. Our own country alone consumes rice in sufficient quantity to make its simply an object for those who may dedicate their attention to its cultivation. the proof of which we have in the satistics of the foreign countries of the year 1899. In the said year we have imported 16,747 tons of home consumption is added the quantity we might export to the landa Oriental and other neighboring countries, Paraguay among them, it will be seen that there is a market for 30,000 tons aumoally. From what is here stated it will be seen that that the rice industry is one of those which will benefit our country, since the rule of \$1.50.000 tons aumoally. will be seen that there is a market for 30,000 tons annoally. From what is here stated it may be inferred that the rice industry is one of those which will benefit our country, since the cultivation of this gram will give rise to more activity in the rural labors and with it the employment of thousands of immigratus who are anxiously waiting for the expansion of our agricultural interests in order to direct their course to these shores.

#### THE RIO NEWS

PUBLISHED WEEKLY.

A. J. LAMOUREUX, Editor and Proprietor

Contains a summary of news and a review of Brazillan affairs, a list of the arrivals and departures of foreign vessels, the commercial report and price current of the market, tables of stock quotations and sales, a summary of the daily coffee reports and all other information necessary to a correct judgment on Brazillan trade.

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RIO DE JANEIRO, JULY 31st, 1900.

#### NOTICE.

The Publisher hereby gives notice that Alfred EverIII, who was sometime since anthorized to can-vass for advertisements for The Rio News and for the Hand Book of Rio de Janorra, is not and never has been authorized to collect for the same All pavments to him for such advectisements are at the risk of the payes, as the said MevrIII can not pass a legal receipt for the publisher.

The nathorization given to the said MevrIII to solid!

The authorization given to the said Everill to solicit advertisements for the above-mentioned publications is hereby cancelled.

Rio de Janeiro, 18th July, 1900.

WITH profound regret and indignation we have to record another anarchist assassination—this time that of the generous-hearted King Humbert of Italy. It is a strange fatality that the Italy. It is a strange tatality that the auarchists should pick out the rulers who least deserve their enunity, for there can be no possible excuse nor advantage in pursuing so insane a policy. Terribly as Italy has been misgoverned, it is not the King who has been at fault, but the mercenary and ambitious politicians of the Crispi stamp. King Humbert was not a man who would have inflicted want and suffering upon his people through his own wish He was a just and conscientious ruler, he loved his country and his people, and he labored untiringly to mitigate and improve their lot. But under a con-stitutional monarchy much is done in the name of the king of which he can know nothing and which may bear hard upon the people. This has been the case in Italy to a marked degree, and with the result that anarchism has developed more desperate characters in that country than anywhere else. erty, oppression, ignorance, countless miseries, will in time produce degene-rates ripe for assassination and every other crime, and we can not escape it. The pity of it is that the penalties should fall upon innocent heads. It is idle, perhaps, to call for vengeance and stern repression, for this will not cure the evil. The assassin of King Humbert evidently knew that his arrest and bert evidently knew that his arrest and punishment would surely follow the crime, for he appears to have made no effort whatever to escape. Do what we may, the terrible work of such men may, the terrible work of such men can not be suppressed nor avoided. At any moment, when least expected, the merciless hand will fall, like a bolt from a clear sky. Mourn the loss as we a clear sky. Mourn the loss as we may, execrate the assassin as we must, the terrible truth remains that the poison is still at work in the seething masses of miserable, suffering, downtrodden humanity, and that its fruit is anarchy and death. The whole world will put on mourning for King Humbert and will sympathise with his universally beloved widow, and greater rigor will be exercised toward the degenerates who

are preaching anarchism. But this will not bring back the dead, nor heal the wounded hearts, nor cover up the corroding disgrace, nor remedy the wide-spread evil. We must alleviate the lot of those who suffer want and injustice. of those who suffer want and injustice, that no more degenerates like the anarchist assassins of the last decade may be brought into being to curse our civilization. To suppress anarchism, we must stop making anarchists.

THE RIO

we must stop making anarchists.

IN ANOTHER section we give the reply of the department of industry, transportation and public works (section of industry) to an application in regard to the exaction that all foreign trademarks in Portugueses shall be surcharged with the place of origin of the products covered. The decision is that such an exaction would be a violation of the diplomatic and international conventions in regard to the registry and deposit of trademarks, and also of the Modrid conference relative to the registry of trademarks in the Burean International convertion in regard to the registry of trademarks in the Burean International de la Propriéé Industrielle. This ought to settle the controversy and without the possibility of ever bringing it into prominence. The minister of finance has admitted that ander existing conventions he cut not prevent the registry of foreign trademarks hearing Portuguese words, nor prevent the admission of products bearing such trademarks. To cover his defeat, and to devise some other way for protecting the manufacturing chemists who are seeking to drive foreign competitors out of this market altogether, he has songht to oblige the foreign manufacturer to surcharge his labels with words which form no part of the registered trademark and which will at some future time serve as a distinction between native initations and the foreign originals. It would be a decided mistake for the foreign manufacturer to attach one single word to this labels not on attach one single word to this labels not finance will next do, we can not conceive, but it is improbable that he will let the foreign product, then he mist make up the deficiency by taxing the home product

ON THE 23rd inst. the chamber of deputies finally resolved to permit the criminal prosecution of one of its members for the erime of nurrder. It was first decided not to permit this on the application of the criminal himself, and even when the application come from a judicial official there was an inclination in some quarters to Julse questions of procedure rather than to consider the enormity of the criminal to continue a member of a law-making body. The inconsistency of permitting criminal law-breakers to continue their connection with a law-making assembly does not seem to have occurred to the clamber of deputies, for it has almost invariably refused to allow the prosecution of members for criminal acts. The error of such a proceeding is self-evident, for it encourages vice and crime and lowers our respect. Some weeks ago, it will be remembered, we noted the criminal assault of Depaty Irlinea Machado, who represents one of the districts of this city, on his wife and her annt, who happened to be with her at the time. The former was shot and gravely wounded, the latter was shot and instantly killed. There had been long standing trouble between lunsband and wife, and the latter was preparting to leave I limit of a districts of this city, on his wife and her annt, who happened to keep thin, and he carried the threat into execution. The number was premeditated, cold blooded, merciless and brutal; worse than that, it was a cowardly assault on helpless women. The criminal confessed his crime, offered to surrender to the police, who, however, did not place him under arrest because of his abund immunities. When he wished to do so, he took his hat and left the police station, no one offering to the popule who have been charged with the duties of making laws for the government of the people, the repression of crime, etc. And it is only now that permission is given for his prosecution! The police inquiry demonstrates his guilt, he confesses it but excuses it on some vague charge of his abund immunities. When he wished t

S. PAULO RAILWAY.

S. PAULO RAILWAY.

To the Editor of The Rio News,
Dear Sir.—I have, a sort of fellow feeling with your correspondent of last week, Mr. T. H. O., as I, too, always feel annoyed when anything or anybody prevents my doing exactly as I like. I symporthise with him in his rage at being locked out of his railway carriage at the moment he desired to enter it, and locked in it when the wish took him to leave it; for I have suffered myself in an almost identical way on the same line, and know also that the grievance of long standing against the S. P. R. so eloquently ventilated by your correspondent, is one shared in by a yery large number of travellers.

In my own case, however, before adopting any vindictive action in the matter, either by 1) sning the compuny for damages; or 2) smashing the obstruction; or 3) sweering at latiges in the newspapers, I took the trouble to make my complaint to the campany itself. The result is I am in a position to inform Mr. H. O. T., by way of reply to the enquiry contained in the penultum to paragraph of his letter, that he has, in valgar phrase, "got the wrong sow by the ear," or in the banguage of poetic imagery, is abarking up the wrong tree of the scompany of citizens? This sover-riding the company of citizens? Which is sover-riding the company of citizens? I list fact, I fear, rather takes the wind out of your correspondent's sprond full stila.

If Mr II. O. T. will account Art. S3 of Decree No. 1930 of 28th April. 1857, containing the Regulamento para a fiscalisação da segurança, conservação e policia das estradas de ferro, he will find tha t;

athe starting signal is not to be given until after the doors of the passenger carriages have been locked.»

after the doors of the passenger carriages have been locked.»

Now, Mr. T. O. H. evidently left his carriage at a time when the company's servants had a right to assume that he had remained in it. They took it for granted that he knew alove long he war in foor, and further that his sthrough tickets was not a ticket of leave.

On the other hand, Mr. H. O. acted on the entirely inadmissible hypothesis that the company knew that he wanted a doink!

I can fully symptities with Mr. H. O. T.'s annoyance on finding when he returned from quenching his thirst, that his cell had been taken possession of by another prisoner. Cada macaco sen galab is a motto for every man and monkey. On a similar occasion I myself followed the natural impulse to rush to the bars of the cage and make at -figurato of inyself by hissing and pulling faces at the keepers outside. But I am now forced to admit that I was wrong in the mitter.

The whole trouble seems to have arisen because Mr. C. 2 H. O. — I think it was ?—insisted on lawing a drink at an inconvenient moment. As to the last two pragraphs of your correspondent's letter, I think them excellent in their way, but not applicable to the occasion. I, will relate mutch him a little prable:

A wandering Jew once found himself on Shisbury Plain at lunch time. He set down on his iseless to ext a sandwich of bread and

I will relate unto him a little parable:
A wandering Jew once found himself on
Silisbury Plain at lanch time. He sat down
on his heels to eat a sandwich of bread and
the flesh of the forbidden animal. Suddenly
there came a flash of lightning, followed by
rain, hall, and a terrific thunderstorm. «Vat
nonsensh,» muttered Mosesh, glancing at the
sky: «all dis fuss about a leadle bit of pork!»
Mutato nomine—and substituting pinga for
pork—de T (H.O.) fabula narratur.

Lam deu Sir.

I am, dear Sir, Yours faithfully,

WEARY WALTER.

WEARY WALTER.

WEARY WALTER.

THE ITALIAN ACCORD.

The Rome correspondent of the London Financial News, writing under date of July 1st, says:—One of the most urgent bills awaiting discussion is that relating to the negotiations going on between Italy and Brazil for the conclusion of a commercial agreement. As it is known, Brazil threatens to apply a prohibitive tariff to the imports, from those countries, like France, Italy, &c., which, having a high custom duty on coffeesiall not materially reduce it forthwith Our interests in Brazil are important, especially as regards the strong, and every day increasing, Italian settlements there; and a tariff war with Brazil would be most injurious to Italy's interests. The Italian government has therefore consented to reduce the above duty by 20 lire to the quintal, which appears to be acceptable to the Brazilian government. The Italian duty on coffee is really excessively high—150 lire per quintal, not 150 per cent, of the average value of the article at the frontier. This is the chief cause of the low coffee consumption in Italy, which hardly reaches 1 lb. weight per capita annually. The profered redution of 20 lire means, on an average import of 150,000 quintals, a yearly loss of about 3,000,000 lire to the state revenue—a loss, however, which even the most parsimonious of our treasury ministers should consider very small, if only it serves to maintair the Braziliau markets open and friendly to dur export trade. There is no doubt that the chamber will readily grant the government the necessary power to deal with this matter.

#### LEGISLATIVE NOTES

JULY 18.—Chamber of Deputies.—Deputy Burbosa Lima moved to ask what action had been taken for the punishment of the persons responsible for the crimes committed at the last congressional elections.

JUN 19.—Senate.—Senator Martinho Gar-cez introduced a bill on divorce.—Chamber of Deputies.—The chamber adopted the motion offered by Deputy Barbosa Lima at the previous sitting. The special appropriation of 200,000\$ for ascertaining the source of the Javary river was voted in 2nd discussion.

for ascertaining the-source of the Javary river was voted in 2nd discussion.

JULY 20.—Senate. "The senate voted the navy bill in 2nd discussion. It also voted several smull special and deficiency appropiations.—Chamber of Deputies.—There was received a message from the President asking for a special appropriation of 4.9785054 for the Dons Rios plantation and one of 77.2475056 for the mint. From the agricultural club of Barra Mansa there was received a petition against the agricultural labor bill. D-puty Ildefonso Alvim noved to ask for copies of the documents relating to the agreement, unde on May 11, between the Central and Leopoldina railways. After three attempts to obtain a vote the motion was finally rejected. On the 1st occasion the vote was 50 in favor of the motion and 49 against it; on the 2nd, 51 in favor and 50 against; on the 3rd, 58 against and 48 in favor. By a vote of 6a to 43 the chumber refused to grant, on application of Deputy Irineu Machado, permission for the trial of this deputy. It afterwards discussed the application made by the judge of the 11th district court of the city of Rio de Janeiro for the scid permission.

#### Provincial Notes

—It is to be noted that Sunt'Anna Nerv has returned to Manáos. Another subsidy of some description may soon be expected.

some description may soon be expected.

—In view of the insecurity of the pressurder easithlists rule in Rio Grande the proprietor of the Echo do Sul has decided to remove his journal to Montevideo.

—At Campinas, on the 2th inst., several boxers went on a spree and wounded about 20 men, women and children, besides causing considerable damage to property. The boxers were policemen, and a local journal observes that no parallel can be found for their conduct outside of Pekin.

—On the 2th high the arrival of 60 more

outside of Pekin.

—Os the 28th inst, the arrival of 60 more eastillists policemen caused a panic in Rio Grande do Sul, where João Francisco's methods are recarded with well-founded apprehension. The Portugnese and German consuls, in the interest of peaceful and law-abiding inhabitants, called on the intendant for the purpose of ascertaining what these warlike preparations portended. He is said to have assured them that no harsh measures were contemplated.

—The amunicipal council of Caritaba Parana.

warlike preparations portended. He is said to have assured them that no harsh measures were contemplated.

—The municipal council of Curityba, Parana, has increased the salary of the municipal prefect from eight to twelve contos. In view of the critical financial condition of the municipal prefect from eight to twelve contos. In view of the critical financial condition of the municipality the local press thinks this act of prodigality wholly unjustified. The pay of municipal bonds are at a discount, the people are burdened with threation and the city needs waterworks, drainage, pavements and other necessary improvements.

—A Porto Alegre telegram of the 24th inst. reports serious disturbances in the city of Rio Grande do Sul on account of the election of officers of a library. Partianaso for, Conrado Campos, a prominent local politician, forcibly entered the library building, seized the ballot box and declared their friends elected. There were circulated reports of an intended attack on the Misericordia hospital and on one of the nussonic lodges. A panic ensued and the Ficho do Sul, whose office was attacked, the Tribuna do Poro and the Diario do Rio Grande suspended publication. The editor of the Rio Grandense telegraphs that he repulse da party of assailants whom he supposed to be sailors in disguise.

—The attempt to rob the S. Paulo branch of the Binco Mercantil de Santos, noticed in our last issue, has stirred up the police officials to extra ordinary activity. It was thought that som thing should be done to check the activity of these thieves—in which exercise and much bejewelled individual, who had excited some suspicion, was arrested and interrogated, when he failed to give a good account of himself to some extent. It is believed that the gang is a large one and has skilful cliefs. More than that, it is suspected that servants, porters, etc., are in collusion with the thieves and give them information.

—According to the report of General McArthur, commander of the American forces in

According to the report of General McArthur, commander of the American forces in the Philippine Islands, the Americans have killed to 750 Filipinos, wounded 2,103 and taken to,425 prisoners in the attempt to persuade them of the blessings of living under the star spengled banner. To this should be added that Spain was paid \$20,000,000 for the privilege of enforcing these priceless blessings upon a people who do not want them.

#### S. PAULO FACTS.

S. PAULO FACTS.

In the legislative congress which has been sitting this week, Dr. Paulo Sonza unade a speech that was important from the able maner in which he touched upon some of the real causes of Brazil's weakness. The point under discussion was the government's project of introducing 5,0000 immigrants into under discussion was the government's project of introducing 5,0000 immigrants into under discussion was the government's project of introducing 5,0000 immigrants in the state to assist in cultivation of land. A month ago, when presenting the prizes to the pupils in the Polyteclinic, Dr. Sonza clearly showed that it was not want of labor, but it into the present occasion he enlarged on this theme in a strain which ran contrary to the sentiment of his anditors, and which evoked at times angry interruptions. He stated that the bill would repeal a law passed last September, and that it was not evillent whence these immigrants were to be obtained.

While admitting that fazendeiros did find a litter the serious description of the order.

tember, and that it was not evident whence these immigrants were to be obtained.

While admitting that fazendeiros did find a difficulty in keeping their calonos, he affirmed that the causes were mostly agarrian. By quotation of statistics taken from English sources, he proved that the organisation of price of production; the fault lay with the fazendeiros themselves who failed to employ their time to the best advantage, or to make use of the most recent discoveries; much confusion was caused by men who had failed in the professions buying frazendas with the idea of making money out of them. Dr. Mesquita replied briefly that while he agreed with many of the philosophical considerations of the preceding speaker, there was need for instant action, seeing that it was estimated by competent authorities that there was an includate want of 20,000 men and that some fazendeiros even had not yet been able to commence their harvest for lack of hamis. The project was then put to the vote and

fazendeiros even had not yet been able to commence their harvest for lack of hands. The project was then put to the vote and carried.

The police have been making important arrests in connection with the attempt on the Banco Mercantil de Santos.

The first robber taken was arrested entirely on suspicion. By assuming that he was one of the band, the police managed to extract much valuable information from him. The chief, Almieur, was arrested at Pirituba, disgused as a mosoti, with a dirty bundle on his back contining, however, 4 contos which he offered to his captor, if he would allow him to escape. The policenam was exceptionally honest and refused. He was recognised as a man who had previously been moving in good s ociety. He disclaimed all connection with the attempt, and asserted that at the time he was at Jaboticabal, producing as proof letters althressed to him there. His Wellerian alibi was soon discounted number coss-examination by his evident complete ignorance of that town. He was sent to prison, whence he nearly effected his escape by digging through the floor into the street, but being stopped in time was transferred to a cell in the Central. The maker of the safe-opening apparatus is also in custody, he had lately arrived from the Plate, and is considered as the guiding spirit of the thieves' mior which operates in this city. The machine has attracted great interest by its ingenity and the bank hands pirit of the thieves' mior which operates in this city. The machine has attracted great interest by its ingenity and the bank nanagers have been invited to view it. It seems clearly demonstrated that this hand is the same which succeeded in robbing Pekvoto, fistella & Co. by making a hole from a room in the Hotel erranga. The mechanician has been recognised as one of the men who occupied the room on that occasion, and Luigi Conti, another man lately arrested, was porter of the hotel at the time, transferring his services after the robbery as waiter in the Pensão, next door to the Banco Mercantil de San

result will certainly be a slump in the price of mules.

There has been an attempted strike amongst the drivers of the Light and Power Co. Several were fined for having exceeded the limit of speed in crossing Aveniha Paulista. In revenge they refused to work, and endeavored to persuade others to join them. Their prompt dismissal soon settled the matter.

In spite of the numerous arrests which have been made, niembers of the light fingered fraternity continue to fish, troubled though the waters be. On Saturday, a thief made a haul of 5 contos. A farmer from Jaquery was cutering the Caixa Economica, when a geutleman politely informed him that there was some evil-snelling substance on his coat.

A hand passed over the place verified the truth of the assertion. The kind friend helpedh im to clean it off, an act of politeness for which the other could hardly find words to thank him. It was a wise man who observed; an act of courtesy costs but an effort, yet is often as productive as the hundred-fold bearing grain of corn.

This small exertion made the polite man richer by the 5 contos, for the farmer on pro-ceeding to the counter to bank his money discovered that his pocket was empty

#### RAILROAD NOTES

—In the S. Christovão Co. embezzlement case Dr. Rodolpho Baptista Mario Miranda and Alberto S. Paulo Aguiar have been in-

-The recently elected directors of the Via-ção Paulista (transway) company have chosen Dr. João Ribeiro de Moura Escobar as pre-sident.

....The estimates presented by the Great estern Railway Co. for the completion of the Timbanba branch to Pilar, was approved yesterday by the government.

—A decree of vesterday approves modifica-tions in the tariffs of the S Paulo, Paulista. Mogram, Sorocabana and Ituana railways for the purpose of giving uniformity to their regulations and rates.

The reductions in the staff as well as in salaries at the Leopuldina office in this city has necessioned nucle comment, and many old employe's consider that they have been very builty treated. They say that they can not possibly live on the salaries offered, but owing to the business and financial crisis here they munager must be the judge of what the contravation and office and office and office when the contravation of the property of the contravation of the leavest of

what he can get out of an underpaid staff.

—The estimated traffic receipts of the Leopoldina railway for the week ending July 218 amounted to 237,1535 in currency, against 502,6348 in the corresponding week of last year, a decrease of 265,4985. Exchange for the week was quoted at 129 32 d., against 8 3,32 d., last year, which gave the sterling equivalents of the foregoing as £ 12,136 this year against £ 16,951 last, showing a derline of £ 4,815. The aggregate receipts since Jonary at have been £ 272,908, against £ 26,1455 in the same period of less year, an increase of £ 8,753.

—When the directors of the Brazil Great

perial of last year, an increase of £8.753.

—When the directors of the Brazil Creat Southern radiusy are able to acongratulate the astractholders on the fact that, for the first witnessince the opening of the line, a credit behavior of the state of th

—The approximate weekly traffic teturns of the Recife and São Francisco railway (77.1/2 miles), compared with the corresponding week of last year, are us follows:

1899

For	week	ending	April 28th:

		1900	1899	increase
i	Preight traffic	2,826,932	2,481,410	345.122
	Passengers car-	9,115 14	7.055 15	1,153
-	Total receipts, week,	40, 3573640	32,371\$\$ 50 718,622\$\$60	7,083,790 200,776†530
ı	For week ending	May 5th:		
-		1900	18,99	increase
1	Freight traffic, kilos	1.481.010	1,863,221	617.789
	Passengers car- ried	8,488.15	71720 1/2	568
ı	Total receipts,	35, 1311050	25, 1603800	10,071\$250
ı	do since Jun.	(vint, 233\$440	743.4041660	216,5735750
	For week ending	May 12th :		
ľ	Freight traffic,			increase.
ı	kilos	2,197,966	1,695.736	Noz.730
Į	Passengers car-	8.496	$\frac{C_2}{2}$ 7,799	607 12
ı	Total receipts.	35,7614500	25,0848060	10 6764250
ı	do since Jana	995,9952030	768,4948720	227.500\$310
J	For week ending	May toth:		
	Freight traffic.			increase
ı	kilos Passengers car-	2,259,659	1.947.164	312,525
ı	ried	7,700 1/2	7,441 15	259
ĺ	Total receipts,	32,6728300	25,66380,10	7.000-70
	do since Jan. 1	1,028,667\$350	794.1574750	234.509550

### SHIPPING NOTES

—The passengers who landed in Rio on the 27th July by the Lamport & Holt steamer «Buffons from New York, Pernambaco and Balias, were the following: Mr. G. H. Renediet, Mr. M. B. Conolly, Mr. J. Carney, Major A. Villery, Dr. Adolpho Mello, Mrs. M. Sacrameuto, Mrs. M. Villra Pan, and 8 third-class.

class.

—The United States gunboat «Wilmington-has arrived at Rosario on her way to Paraguay. She has on board the American minister, Mr. Finch, and Admiral Schley. The American and British communities at Rosario are giving their guests a right royal reception. —B. A. Herald, July 15. [The Admiral will begin to think that luck is against him. He came to Rio to find bubonic pest in charge and liad to cut his visit short on that account. Now he goes to Paraguay, to find that bubonic pest is ahead of him, and that his return will be very difficult.]

The Amazon Steam Navigation Co. launched a new steamer on the 31st May at Birkenhead, which is manued the «Compos Salles,» A sister ship for the same service is now approaching completion.

#### Local Notes

-It is stated that the *Imprensa* will re-appear day after to-morrow. It is very much needed.

-In the opinion of Burbosa Lima ur of Julio de Castilhos, Murtiulio and Cau Salles is worth unlimited tons of elections

—Paris is becoming a very popular health resort this year. One deputy has already gone there, and to-day Deputy Pedro Chermont is leaving for the same place to treat his impaired health.

—Prof. Ernesto Ule, who some days a was violently attacked in the chamber Deputy Nilo Peganha, has now been dismiss from his place in the national museum. T is a shoxers victory.

—It is stated that on last Thesilav orders were issued to prevent anyone from communicating with Major Ililefonso Barroso, one of the prisoners accused of conspiracy. If no defend himself?

detend lunself?

"The time is rapidly approaching when Président Campos Salles will be due at Buenos Afres. Will the plague be conveniently wound up before that time, or will an exception be unde in order to save the President and his party from querantine?

—It is to be hoped that the officers whom the government is now forcing to ask for retriement duly appreciate the lesson that has been taught them in the last ten verrs and its not aspire to political control. If the form of government is to be again changed the people this time should have a voice in the matter.

It is stated that several officers of the police brigade have been recently arrested on account of anonymous letters accusing them of being opposed to the policy of the present government. It seems to us that an officer of the police brigade is as much entitled to bis opinions as any one else, provided he does not display them in a manner detrimental to discipling.

—Deputy Barbosa Linia must surely know that his wish to have election crimes punished is exceedingly dangerons. If that policy is adopted, nothing but parliamentary immunities will preserve a quorum in congress to spend the taxpayers money. The consequences would be indescribable, for there is probably not many officeholders in the country who could escape prosecution.

who could escape prosecution.

"The public will be gratified to learn that in order to enjoy the privilege of contributing to the positivist war fund it is unnecessary to produce documents proving that one is a follower of Pope Lemos in good standing. The positivist pope has just issued a bull in which he displays his tolerant spirit hy asserting that the money of unbelievers is not accurated, but, on the contrary, just as acceptable as any other.

other.

—During the var 1899 naturalization papers were issued in Brazil to 273 foreigners, viz. 138 Portuguese, 56 Halians, 31 Sprunards, 17 Germans, 8 Turks, 6 Frenchmen, 4 Englishmen, 3 Austrians, 2 Sootchmen, 2 Swedes, 1 Russian, 1 Greek, 1 Belgian, 1 Egyptian, 1 Syrian and 1 Moor. We had intended to call the attention of the nationalist party to this on account of the danger from so rapidly increasing the foreign vote, but on second thought we have concluded not to do so. It might be stirring up the domestic obsvers.»

—No matter what the Washington court of

might be stirring up the domestic sboxers.

No matter what the Washington court of claims may decide, in obedience to the wishes of the navel ring there, all fair-minded men will award the Santiago victory to Admiral Schley, who was in the fight from beginning to end, and not to Admiral Sampson, who arrived only in time to receive the surrender of the last of the enemy's vessels and whose ship was not even freed at. It was a miserable intrigue which placed Admiral Sampson in command and a still more miserable intrigue which seeks to confer on him credit to which he has no right.

The story woes that President Campose.

he has no right.

The story goes that President Campos Salles recently threatened to shoot five or six army officers and leave their bodies unburied, presumably as an example to others who might think of opposing him. It is said that General Piragibe protested against this, when his retirement from active service was demanded. Refusing to retire he was transferred from the command of the 7th battalion, in this city, to that of the 8th battalion, in Matto Grosso,—where he will be able to assist Murtinho. The story is given by the Commercio de S. Paulo.

—Encouraged by the success of the boxers

The commercial of S. Paulo.

—Encouraged by the success of the boxers in China, the Brazilin in teobins are endeavoring to reviee the defunct apartido republicano nacionals under the lead of the eminent resurgent boxer Burbosa Lina. At a meeting held on last Thursday at the house of the leader the latter embraced the members of his party, advising them to work sedulously for the good cause and by all means keep out of elections.

«Mother, may I go out to swim?» «Yes, you may, my daughter; Hang your clothes on a hickory limb And don't go near the water.»

—President Campos Salles is credited with saying that the reason why the people hate him is that he makes them pay heavy taxes. A local journal endeavors to convince him that he is laboring under a delusion, but in our upinion he has hit the nail on the head. There may be meny causes for his unpopularity: but of all the complaints against him none we think, are more important or better founded than those excited by his exorbitant taxation policy. taxation policy.

taxation policy.

—The statistical bulletin of the health board for the first bull of July gives the total mortality in this city as 602, against 685 in the preceding half month. The pest epidemic is electrical as statimary, the deaths having been 33, of which 17 occurred at the Paula Candida hospital and it of in the city. Of these 20 were Brazilians, 8 Portuguese, 1 French, 1 Italian and 30f unknown nationality. From other infections diseases the deaths were 1 pulmonary consumption 96, yellow fever 5, small pox 13, typhoid fever 9, beri-beri 6, influenza 6, dipitheria 1, and measles 1. There were 602 births in the sume half month, 66 marriages, 8,624 passenger and immigrant arrivals by sea and 7,993 deputtures.

—The minister of war, it is stated, has con-

arrivals by sea and 7,993 depictures.

"The minister of war, it is stated, has considered himself competent to suggest to several army officers the expedience of asking for retirement. Cnl. Carlos Sources decided to adopt the suggestion and has consequently been promoted to the rank of general and duly retired. Gen. Piragibe and Col. Bellarmino de Memdonça were less complaisant, and the consequence is that the former is to be sent to Matto Grasso and the latter to Rio Grande do Sul. If the minister could induce superfluous officers to throw up their commissions, the public treasury would be sheeffted, but there is nothing to be gained by their retirement. Moreover there are many officers that the army could better spare than the three above mentioned.

—The trans friends of Miss Chawner, for-

three above mentioned.

— The urmy friends of Miss Chawner, formerly on the nursing staff of the Strangers' Hospital, will be interested to hear that a letter was received from her by the bast mail written from the first through train to Johannesburg and mailed at Bloemfontein. She was attached to General Hospital No. 2, and had been for some time stationed at Winburg. She describes the rountry through which the train was passing as terribly desadate, and the life as fearfully hard and trying. She had heard from a wounded trooper of Neshit's Horse of young Frank Davison, who left the S Panlo branch of the British Bruk to go to South Afric, where he joined that corps. Hard as the life is, she finds it exciting and stimulating and is glad that she joined the army musing corps.

stianhting and is glad that she jouned the army mussing corpes.

On October 201d, 1899, Angelo Nicodeuros was caught on arrival here with a little over 16,0005 in constreted notes in his pocket. On the 21st inst. Jodge Godofredo Chulha, whose partiality and severity in the alleged conspirately cases has merited so much criticism, released the prisoner on the extraordinary grounds that the actual sum of the notes (16,1905) was not mentioned in the autos, showing careless or insufficient examination of the same, and that only one witness was able to declare that the notes presented as proofs were taken from those found in the prisoner's favor the presumption that the amount was less than alleged, in consideration of the absence of affidavits of search, capture, verification and counting; that there are no proofs that the prisoner knew that the notes were false; and that the prosecution admits, on the other hand, that the prisoner had not put them in circulation but was keeping them in his pocket. There is little wonder that dealing in counterfeit money in Brazil is so popular at occupation. The legendary 4B, N. P. a should have been retained on the Cattete palace.

—The positivists have sounded the toesin.

have been retained on the Cattete palace.

The positivists have sounded the toesin. Their eagle glance has perceived that the aggressive and insatiable exponents of peruicious western civilisation in Earope and North America are craftily contemplating perfulions designs on the territorial integrity of South America republics. And only positivism, they say, can save Brazil and the rest of South America. On this subject, at all events, Thie Rio News is not open to suspicion. We have never approved of landgrabbing, nor expressed our belief in the divine mission of jingoos of certain countries to regulate the affairs of other nations. And in this connection it is only just to say that there is no one more infected with the jingo spirit of intermeddling than the positivists themselves. As for western civilisation, it certainly has its defects; but it is the best we have at present and the samples which we have seen of the fruits of positivism in Brazil do not encourage the hope that Pope Lemos and his followers will be able to furnish a better article. And we give Brazilians credit for too much good sense to suppose that they have any confidence in the methods of positivists, which are more likely to provoke than to avert aggression. The tide of western civilisation, whatever form it may assume, cannot be checked by the mop of the positivist Mrs. -The positivists have sounded the tocsin

#### BIRTHS.

On the 28th inst. at No. 86. Praia do Flamengo, the wife of Charles A. Heutz, of a daughter. At 45 Rua Maria Antonia, S. Paulo, on the 21st inst., the wife of C. W. Mitchell, of a sone

#### ATHLETIC SPORTS.

The entry lists for all events will be closed at six o'clock to-day. All intending competitors must therefore send in their names to A. L. Stutfield, Lomlon and Brazilian Bank, Ld., without further delay.

## RIO CRICKET AND ATHLETIC ASSOCIATION.

We are to-day in receipt of the scores of a match played on the Learshy grounds on Sunday last between Men over 30 vs. the Rest. We regret to say, however, that we can not find time nor space for it in this issue, without working later in the evening than is desirable. We shall give the scores next week.

The secretary of the R. C. A. A. advises us that the fixtures for the next two weeks have undergone some slight change. The United Banks match will be played at fearably on 5th August, and a Niggers vs. Whites make will be played at Paysandú on the 12th inst.

#### Business Notes

-There is circulated a report of the impending failure of an important company that does a large commission business in sugar.

-- It is stated that in Pernambuco on the 24th inst., when the banks withdrew their rates, there was again a panic in the market. The complaints of losses from fluctuations in exchange still continue.

-Aniong the arrivals here on the "Buffon" last week was Mr. S. II. Benedict, who is visiting South America in the interests of the Morganthaler Linotype Co. He proposes to exhibit the machine here in Rio de Janeiro as soon as arrangements can be made.

-On the 23rd the minister of finance bad man the 2300 me uninster of minutee bad the director of the German Bank in for a talk and the fornal hears that the recent quotations of exchange were the subject of conversation. It uninster trying to abulldoze Mr. Petersen? Two years ago he pursued quite a different policy.

-It is pleasing to note that the minister of finance has authorized the Imprensa Nacional to send 63 copies of every publication which it prints to the Bibliotheca Nacional, the same to be at the cost of the department of finance. This will give our esteemed contemporary a very encouraging little circulation.

- We should like to ask the bank managers what value there is in a tabella of exchange what value there is in a tabelia of exchange rates if they are unwilling to accept business at the rates published? It is worse than childish to go on in this manuer. If these tabelias are not to serve as a basis for business, then good faith as well as common sense would counsel their absolute suppression.

-A new banking institution has been organized in Pernambuco under the title of Banco do Recife, with a capital of 2,000,000\$, destined to assist connecree in all its ramifica-tions. The president of the board of directors is Sr. I/rancisco Augusto Patheo, A bank conscientiously devoted to the interests of commerce, and which will devote itself to legitimate banking operations, should cer-tainly receive the fullest encouragement.

-In solution of the much discussed question of gold salaries at a higher rate of exchange we are informed that a telegram has just been we are informed that a telegram has just been received from the directors of the London and River Plate Bank that their staff in Brazil is to be paid at the exchange rate of 8 ½ d. and that the differences between that rate and the rates at which the May and June salaries were paid shall be refunded to them. This is liberal to a fault, and we take pleasure in congratulating the staff on so satisfactory a settlement of the problem. problem.

- Rumors were current on the 25th that the minister of finance intended to close up the German Bank for "bearing" the exchange German Bank for sbearings the exchange market. It would be a humiliating confession of weakness were this to be attempted. If the London and River Plate Bank, with seventy thousand contos scornereds in its vaults (one-tenth the total circulation of the country) and with the assistance of the mutional treasury, can not maintain the rate to which exchange had been forced, then we had better accept the inevitable and let it fall. Still further, in speculation sbullings is just as bad as shearing, and will cause just as much harm.

-- In a previous issue we stated that owners of gardens wantouly destroyed by the authorities were going to bring a suit against the rities were going to bring a suit against the national treasury for compensation. We now learn that house-owners are also going to sue the government in order to obtain compensation for the loss which they sustain in consequence of their buildings being declared intected and closed. It is to be hoped that taxpayers will find some means of putting an end to the abusive conduct of the authorities, which is certainly entailing heavy burdens on the people. Last year, it is stated the national treasury, in consequence of decisions of courts of justice, was obliged to pay claims amounting to less than 4,662,375\$760.

- The sufferings of tax-payers have, we are glad to say, excited the compassion of one member of congress. In the discussion of the general revenue bill Deputy Gomes de Mattos will endeavor to cause the tax on matches to be reiluced to 10 reis a box and that on salt to 20 reis per kilo. He will also endeavor to promote the abolition of the immoral practice of giving informers a share in fines. He will likewise seek to expunge from the consump-tion tax regulations the abusive prevision per-mitting revenue officers to enter factories at night against the will of the proprietors. We trust that business men will prepare to give efficient support to these measures and to all others that mitigate the burdens of tax payers. will endeavor to cause the tax on matches to

-The Gazeta de Noticias, which evidently considers it unsafe to be too positive, makes the following very gnarded statement: -- all seems that the preliminary work for the consideration of a probable treaty of commerce between Brazil and the United States will shortly commence. Brazil has no particular fondness for treaties that are not in the interest of public revenue, but there is no harm in examining the probabilities of arrangements that may at some time be advantageous.

If it is in this spirit that the Brazilian government intends negotiating on this subject after a year of diplomatic fencing, the Brazilian producers may shortly begin the preliminary work for the consideration of the probable import duties on their products in the United States. The United States has no desire to impose on Brazilian coffee such a duty as it still has to pay in France, but there is no harm in being prepared for the possibility of such a contingency.

—Each new consular report, which reaches shortly commence. Brazil has no particular

-Each new consular report which reaches us from Brazil fills us with renewed wooder at curious notions of political economy which prevail in that country. There is a report to hand from the state of Amazonas, wherein it is shown that the state draws nearly the whole of its taxation' revenue from exporduties. Rubber is the principal article of export, and it is marked out for a duty of 29 export, and it is marked out for a duty of 29 per cent., in addition to a small export duty levied municipally. Now, rubber plantations are arising all over the tropical world, and when they have become a little better developed, and the supply has overtaken the demand, in what sort of a position will the Brazilian growers be for holding their own against competition?—Financial News, July 6.—[Our London contemporary is a little astray in the foregoing, for there is no such thing as aBrazilian growers. Providence does the growing, while the Brazilian does the tapping. In other words the Brazilian presses the button and Providence does all the rest. Under any other condition production of any kind on the Amazon would be quite ont of the question, for the people up there are not at all celebrated for energy and enterprise.— Ed. News.]

#### FINANCIAL NOTES

—Ou Saturday Brazilian bonds of the 1889 loan were quoted at 63¼ in London.

The minister of finance remitted £200,000 London last week by the Royal Mail steamer to London l Magdalena.

-Serzedello opposes the reduction proposed by Gomes de Mattos. Is Serzedello insincere in his professed belief in a large balance, or does he wish to force the people to pay unnecessary taxes?

-Serzedello is in favor of a new tax of from 1 real to 5 reis per kilo on all merchan-disc shipped or discharged at Brazilian ports. Does he wish the President to violate bis pledge not to increase the people's burdens?

-On the 24th inst the national treasury received the sum of 3,380,752\$246 from the Central railway on account of revenue, but no statement is made as to the period which it covers, nor as to how it differs from the weekly payments.

-The recent disclosures in regard to the stamp robbery at the mint and the embezzle ments at Porto Alegre and Pernambuco lead to the wish for a complete statement showing how much of the taxpayers' money falls into the hands of thieves. Why not employ the special statistics army in collecting information on this subject? At present this army seems either to have nothing to do, or not to know bow to do it.

-In view of the difficulty of writing across the new 300 reis stamps on account of the thinness and tender quality of the paper, some thinness and tender quality of the paper, some people have found it convenient to paste the stamp over the signature. The stamp absorbs the ink, and the requirement is met. But the minister of finance, true to bis meddlesome and arbitrary character, won't have it that way. He says we must affix the stamp first, and then sign over it. By and by he will want to tell us how and when we shall lick the stamp.

-Banana lovers will be delighted to know that their favorite fruit contains 72 per cent — anama govers will be deligited to know that their favorite fruit contains 72 per cent of water, 2.14 per cent of uitrogenous matter and 22 per cent of saccharine substances. It is the 22 per cent of usweets<sup>3</sup> in the banama which makes it a nutritions food. A Mexican change in the banama contains the same and the 

duce enough bananas to feed 150 men.

— A concession has been given for the cutting and shipping of humber from Lake Nahnel Huapi and its vicinity. There is no limit to the amount of humber there, but the cost of getting it to the railway threatens to spoil the business as there is not always enough water for the purpose of hosting the timbers down the river. There are certain seasons of the year when this can be done, but there are so many rapids that the cost of the care necessary will be found a serious matter. The Southern railway should lose no time in extending its Neuquen line to that point where the country is fertile and well adapted to colonization and to agriculture, and with lumber as a staple article of hanlage the business would be a good one. That is a part of the country which only needs the railway in order to a rapid development, and there is no concern so well fixed to do it us the Southern railway.

—B. A. Herald.

-G. A. Herald.

-General André, the new French war minister, when a young man, stayed a short time in London and devoted himself to the improvement of English—a as she is spoke n—and to seeing the town, being particularly found of the old Casino in Holborn, the Allandra, and Gattis under the Charing Cross arches. He lived in lodgings in Blooms-bury and aboarded himself, n A friend of onrs who knew him then tells an amusing story of Aidré's shopping. One day wanting some bacon, and not having his pocket dictionary with him he bravely stepped into a grocer's shop in Southampton St. and said to the assistant; a I vant some—some—ah—vat—you call ze pig yen you do insolt him? x The assistant was surprised and answered that he never had insulted a pig. wNo, no, n said André ven you kill ze pig you do insolt him var you call him zen? n — a Don't call him anything, and lon't insult him, when he's dead, was the reply. a You do not me understand, n said André. «Ven you kill ze pig you put him in solt and eat bim for breakfast, fried, vot you call zal? n — w On you mean baccon, I suppose, said the assistant. Ahl zat is right. I want ze piece zat is eat for breakfast, and André went home happy with his pound of sstreaky.» From which it may be at least inferred that André, although a Dreyfusard is not a Jew. But it is not absolute proof.

#### COMMERCIAL.

Rio de Janerso, July 31st, 1900. Par value of the Brazilian milreis (1\$000), Bank rate of exchange, official, on London

#### EXCHANGE.

July 23.—Today's market was very unsettled and rates varied frequently between distant limits. A fair amount of business was done.

Official quotations on London were:

Bank bills opening 11 12 -11 58

n n closing 11 12 -11 58

Private bills opening 11 12 -11 58

s closing 11 12 -11 58 Official value of the militeis 426-435 reis gold.

July 21.—The market continued with yesterday's accretainty, but a large amount of business was

Official quotations on London were:

Official value of the milreis 426---431 reis gold. July 25.—The market still continued undecided and weak; there were still some transactions reported.

Official quotations on London were as follows:

Bank bitls opening 11 closing 10 ½

" closing 10 ½

Private bitls opening 11 ½

" closing no quotation Official value of the milreis 403-408 reis gold. July 26.—The market showed signs of a panic during the morning but became steadler during the afternoon. There was very bille movement.

The official quotations on London were: Bank bills ....... opening 10 ½ 10 9/16 |

" closing 10 ½ 10 9/16 |

Private bills ...... opening 10 ½ 10 9/16 |

" closing 10 ½ 10 9/16 |

Official value of the milreis 361-389 reis gold,

July 27.—The market was still unsteady, but quieter here was also a fair business done.

Official quotations on London were :

Official value of the milreis 384-407 reis gold.

July 28.—There was no change in the tone of the tarket, and the day was quiet; very little business s reported.

Official quotations on London were:

#### MARKET REPORT.

Ria de Juneira, 31st July, 1900.

Coffee.—There was a fair amount of business effected during the past week, notwithstanding the unfavorable condition of the exchange market. Prices were advanced, with the decline in exchange, to the extent of a milreis per arroba, though there was a decline of zoo reis yesterday-and but slight impuiry, owing to the renewed advance in exchange. Specialation in differences has again broken out in the coffee market and promises to lead to mischlef if persisted in.

The reported sales during the past week were \$2,000 bugs, against \$5,000 bags in the preceding week. The receipts were \$46,482 bags, and the shipments \$50,290 bags.

Foreign advices show that the sales last week were: New York is, ooo bags, Havre 30,000, Haubing 14,000, London 105,000 total 737,000 lags, against 20,000 bags in the corresponding period of last year and 736,000 bags in the preceding week.

The detailed movements of the market during the week were as follows:

Ruling prices during the week for N. Y. Type No. 7 at Rio, and for Good Average at Santos, with daily reported sales at the former market.

Bartos, Good

		per arroba	sales	Average per 10 kilo
nły	23	11\$300-12\$000	3,000 bags.	7≸200
	2]	12 000-12 200	15,000	7 400
11	25	ta 600ta 800	S.000 ,,	7 700
+1	26	12 Soo—15 000	20,000 11	7 Soo
	27	12 800-13 000	2,000 11	7 Soo
	28	17 800-12 000	1.000	n San

The sulpments since our last report have been ;

21,860 hags for the United States
13,973 ... Hurope
400 ... Cape of Good Hope
1,337 ... River Plate, etc.
1,689 ... Constwise

The following ships sailed with coffee last week:

39, 250 hags.

July 22 New York Germ. str. Catania....... 10,802
22 Raltimore Amer. bk. Josephine...... 17,993 July 25 Rutterdam Germ. str. Antonina..... 1,826 Hamburg 25 Southampton Br. str. Magdalena.... July 20 Southern ports str. Meteoro...
20 Northern ports str. Rosse...
23 Southern ports str. Initiaha...
24 Northern ports str. Initiaha...
25 do do str. Itainm... 983 1,300

The receipts for the past week were 44,700 bags against 41,733 bags for the previous week and 58,343 bags for the week before.

Brokers' quotations, according to New-York types were the following:

July 28 1,3\$600 July 20

The stock was estimated this morning at 178,140 bugs according to the *Journal do Commercia*, and 435,370 bags according to one of our prominent brokers. The Santos stock is reported at 500,540 bags.

The shipments of coffee from the port of Bahis during the last two years, according to the report of the Associação Commercial, were as follows, in kilo

10	1898	1899
Great Britain	1,202,700	989,700
Germany	3,076,440	1,008,660
France	1,539,300	1,154,700
United States	11.;03,840	11,122,650
Italy	689,100	192.900
Austria-Hungary	111,600	136,920
Belgium		144,060
Portugal	26,920	
River Plate	390,900	187,080
Chili		1,400

	July Stack - 24 14			6 F1/5	5 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2			7.7.	5
	Daily receipts and surging	TRIESTE, 1-45 shillings and 5 % primage per ton of 1,000 kilos.	S	TO	CKS AND SHAR	ES		Railways, Oeste de Minas (87 ½ 9 lo)	_ 3\$000
19.	A Steel	SOUTHAMPTON   ton of 1,000 kilos.	The "	Sal	es of Stocks und Shares.	a ,		July 27. Apolices, 58.	825\$000 828
	the sage are characteristics.	PORT NATALO.		₩C1.1. 5%			39 39	do do do	830 832
	· 日 8 位 8 日 - 大学   日 5 首 - 大日 - 三十二十二十二十二十二十二十二十二十二十二十二十二十二十二十二十二十二十二十二	East London. (-57 shillings, 6A, and 2 ½ % primage DELAGOA BAY.   per ton.   Mossel Bay.	48	do do	(500\$) at rate of	850 Jun 0 849 810	253 17	do 1895	813.
	No. 7 No. 7 No. 7 No. 7 No. 7 No. 7 No. 7	MONTEVIERD. 1-30000 per bag of 60 kilos, and 64000 B. Aikes. 1 per burrel of 75 kilos.		do,	5,000\$ (cert.) at rate of	800	3	do	815 885
50	bag N. Y.		, 8	do	1895	832	14	Ao	890 155
	3 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7	ENGAGEMENTS.  CONSTANTINOPLE.—IL. str. Was-	60	do do	timo Municipal	850 852 150	100	n deb. Sorocaliana-Itiiana R. R	170
700	4-55 4-55 11 170.947	himelon	43	Apol B	stalo do Rio	405		Banks.	205\$000
		ODESSA do 1,200 do do MARSEILLES do 1,375 do do	-5	1	Banks.		90 7 20	do	208
	July 23 7,137 1,928 2,262 2,262 173.834 115600 115600 115600 115800 115800 115800	GENOAIt. strs. Washington and Citlá di Genova	34 5.	Comme do	reial	205\$000 208		Lavoura e Commercio	110 500
-	6.9 3.4 175.6 175.6 114 9 114 9 27	VENEZUELA,—It. str. Cillà di Ge- nava	15	Deposit	os e Descontos	10 500 75		Railways.	
	1y 24 6,950 3,439 11,265 400 200 5,504 10 1,548	MONTEVIDEO.—Span, str. S. Igna- cio Lovolu	235	Republ	a e Commercioica	110 500 181		Minus de S. Jeronymo Oeste de Minus (37 ½ %)	38 <b>\$</b> 000
	July 300 125	BUENOS AIRUS.—Span. str. S. /gnacio Lorola 835 do do	95	/lo	Cotton wills.	180		Miscellaneons.  Construcções Urhanas	4\$500
	4.941 3.634 3.634 5.577 259 9.470 70.951 125400 125400 125400 11 d, 11 d, 11 d, 13 d, 685 30,685	,	100	Corenva	ndo	1625000	500	do 10	5 5 250
	July 22.8	Vessels Affint & Chartered for Rio  Adam W. Spies New York —	200	Constr	Muscellaneons.	3\$500	50	Melhoramentos no Brazil	17
	1,395 1,395	Anriga Brunswick — Charles Dickens Pensacola —		1,oterin	s Nacionaes	95	, 10	Jul.v 28, Apolices, 5s	830 focs
	July 27 6,247 3,866 5,281 905 5,092 177,040 1,3600 1,3600 1,3600 1,3600 1,3600 1,3600 1,3600 1,3600 1,3600 1,3600	Clackmannanshire Leith  Dorade	28	Apolies	es, 58	850\$000	53	do	836 840
	the state of the s	Duris Baltimore — Edenbridge (str.) Glasgow —	8 5	rlo de	(500\$1at rate of	8.19 810		do 2,200\$ (cert.) at rate of  no 9,300\$ at rate of	802 804 810
	July 28 6.937 6.187 190 7,177 171,800 12\$600 12\$600 12\$600 257 170 37 26 37 26 37 26 486,910	Grace Decring	6	do	(200\$) do	510 505	450	3 10	\$15
	22 C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C	Lorraine	20		"	832 952 980	10	ılo	822 825
	Tol	Metropolis		Apol.	(reg.)		10	Emprestimo Municipal	154 500 154
	July:  64,729 82,400 44,472 8,571 40,601	Marritow (str.)	ļ.,		Banks,	Un /	200		40 17
	Imports.	Scotlish Hills			ercial	20 <b>9£000</b> 185	1	Banks.	٠.
	Flant. The arrivals during the past week were 2,500 harrels by the Biffin Iron New York, and 5,100 by the Bom Pedro II from Baltimore. The market is	St Crotx Savanuali — Scottish Isles Cardiff —	49 10	Depos	ilos e Descontos	190 75	6	6 Commercio	
	by the Dom Pedro II from Baltimore. The market is firm and prices are advanting, as shewn below:  Trieste	Vergine d'Un Gravula Marseilles Vasso de Gama Autwerp 19 June	16	i Reput	ra e Commercio	183		7 Rural e Hypothecario	
	Richmond 1st		100	Rural	r Hypothecarin	245	10	Cotton mills.	175\$000
	Wastern and Interior 25 000-26 000	Arrivals of foreign steamers.	35	5 do	Ao (2nd 8.) Railtears.	1-5		Railnays.	
	River Plate	NAME FROM CONSIGNED TO			de Minas (37 ½ %)			56 S Paulo -Rio Grande União Sorocabana-Ituana	
	motations are from 405000 to 445000 her case, 355000 to	Tule			Miscellaneons,		50	οο do do (2ο Ψ <sub>0</sub> ) Tramwais.	. 2
	Lard.—The receipts for the past week were 200	24 Dintmore   Norfolk 24 ds.   Eage Bros.   25 Nile   Southa pton 17 ds.   Cazaly   Cardiff 27 ds.   Brazilian Coal Co.	500	o Const	rucções l'rbanas	4500	, J	po Jardim Bolanico	, 125 <b>\$000</b>
	kegs ex Nom verio it from Mazard from New York. 5,700 ex Inform and 310 ex Mazard from New York. Prices improved to reis per pound last week, and now we quote from 700 to 720 reis per pound whole-	25 Mngdalena River Plate 4 ds. C. J. Cazaly 26 A et New York 35 ds. E. Inluston & Co.		8 Apoli	ees, 58		0	Miscellaneous. 30 Construcções Urhanas	. 14\$500
	PorkNo receipts. Prices unchanged.	26 D. Genova Genoa 17 ds. 11. Campos , 26 Pelotas Santos 18 hs. 12. Johnston & Co.		1 Ac 2 de 3 de	o (600\$) do	805	29		
	Rice.—The Bellena brought 3.100 hags from Liver-pool, and the Coblenz 200 from Bremen. The wholesale price is from 17\$000 to 17\$500 per bag.	27 S. Ignac, L. Liverpool 28 ds. 1, C y Puerto 27 Coblenz 29 Bellenn   Liverpool 21 ds. N. Megaw & Co.		5 A	n (200\$) no	. 805		SATURD IY'S QUOTATIONS -S. P.s.	
	White Pine.—The Ash brought 100,635 feet from New York. Some sales transacted at 290 reis per foot.	20 Cyrène do 43 ds. 10			Estado do RioSorocabana Itnana R. R		Ra	neo Commercio e Industria 369\$000 ,, Constructor e Agricola 100 000	345\$000
	Pitch Pine. No acrivals Market without	Departures of foreign steamers.	20	ig kı	do ilo	. 35	1	Credito Real da Carteira II	111 000
	Swedish Pine. movement.	M. College and the control of t	3		nercio		1	, Mercantil de Santos 147 000	0 135 000
	Kerosene.—Arrived 5,200 cases by the Adi. 8,500 by the Buffin and 15,000 by the Hozart from New York. Quotations continue nuchanged.	2 84818	30		nra e Commercioblica			Ribeirão Preto	285 000
	Rosin.—The receipts were 200 barrels ex Asti, 250 ex Raffon and 500 ex Aloxart from New York. Market nominal.			o Core	Cotton mills.	. 170900	0	,, do do (40 %) — ,, União de S. Paulo (all paid). 70 00 ,, Santos	135 000
	Turpentine.—No receipts. Market nuchanged.  Comput.—No arrivals No sales reported.	25 Magdalena Sonthampton* Sundries. 25 Lesbury Pensacola Ballast			Railways.		Ci	in Agina e Luz	200 000
	Tudian Corn.—The receipts were uit. We quote River Plate at 102500 and native from 92000 to 102500 per bag of 62 kilos wholesale.	26 Nile River Plate Sundries	to	mina July	s de S. Jeronymo	, 28 <b>\$</b> 00	0 {	,, Argos Paulista	6 000
	Bran.—No arrivals and no changes in prices.  Hay.—Receipts nil. Brokers quote from 170 to 180	26 Duch, di Genova do	2	25 Apol	lces, 58			Gaz de S. Paulo	=
	reis per kilo.	20 Colonia		18 d	0	. 832	- 1	Italo Panlista 125 oc	
	From Philadelphia ex Harvest Queen 2,995 tons.  Newport ex Taunton 5,326 " Norfolk ex Dunmore 365 "	•Calling at intermediate ports.		18 A				Melhoramentos de Brotas Mogyana (all paid)	86 000 0 234 000
	" Cardiff ex Sarmatia 2,191 " Rum.—Receipts continue regular. Prices are un- chauged, as shewn in the following table:	Foreign sailing vessels in the part of			nercial		- 1	,, idem (at 30 days)	228 000
	Pernambuco and Macelo, 1705000-1755000	Rio de Janeiro, July 29th, 1900.	. 1 3	so I,nvo	merclo	, 110 50	3	, Idem (at 30 days) 240 000	
	Campos	NAME Z PROM CONSIGNERS	18		o			" Stupakoff	- 80 co
	(HILO 40 deg 293 000 300 000	P   S   S   S   S   S   S   S   S   S		o Allin	Cotton mills.	. 190,500	0	União Sportiva 10 000	70 000
	SHIPPING NEWS.	American	=		elekkommunikali seringi sering Seringi seringi sering		Manual	and commence the second	
	ARRIVALS OF FOREIGN VESSELS.	sc. Nantasket 568 July 4 New York. W. Gnim.Co bk. White Wings 654 19 Baltimore N.MegawCo. bk. D. P-dro II 465 23 Baltimore J. Moore Co.		,	"Facts are chie	els the	at v		
	JULY 23.  BALTIMORE.—Amer. bk. D. Pedro II; 465 tons; Kich ne; 50 ds; sundries to John Moore & Co.	Brilish .		2				BURNS.	,
	JULY 27.				A. & B. M	IACF	(A	Y, GLASGOW	
	CARDIFF.—Br. ap. Carnarvon Bay: 1,795 tons; Grif fiths; 43 ds; coal to Brazilian Coal Company. Oporto.—Port. bk. Albatroz: 773 tons; Velho; 69 ds sundices to Maccol Junior & Co.	bk. Almasona 1373 bk. Almasona 1373 bk. Se. Preference 243 bk. Complex Co. 120 pt. 12		6	DECIAL I	IOI	Ţĸ	EUR WHISK	Y
	4-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1	sp. Karoo		3					
25	MEW YORK. 1 -50 cents and 5 % primage per bar NEW ORLEANS of coffee.	sp. Carnarvou B. 1794 25 Cardin			Recognised	by con	nois	seurs as the best.	

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### Stocks and Bonds and Joint Stock Companies --- July 30th.

. Emission Circulation				Public Funds			Nominat Value	Last Quotation buyers sellers
506.555,360\$ 60,000,000 119,600 30,000,000 51,585,000 51,585,000 5,000,000 5,000,000 600,000 10,000,000 10,000,000 25,000,000 25,000,000 400,000 400,000	Fes.	483,647,700\$ 60,000,000 119,650 11,584,500 12,035,500 18,350,000 17,500,000 4,533,200 45,522,000 4,000,000 5,000,000 22,459,600 514,800 400,000		Stock 5 % currency (apolices)	, 6 º/o.		1,000\$ 800\$, 200\$ 1,000 1,000\$ \$00\$, 200 1,000\$, 200 1,000\$, 200 1,000\$, 200 1,000\$ 200 200 Fest, 500 1,000 1,000 1,000 200 1,000 200 200 200 200 200 200 200 200 200	\$50\$000
Capital	Shares	Emitted	Par	Banks	Pa id	Reserve Fund	Lust Dividend	Last quotation
20,000,000\$ 18,000,000 18,000,000 18,000,000 5,000,000 5,000,000 5,000,000 11,10,000 5,100,000 12,12,10,500 12,10,500 12,10,500 12,10,500 12,10,500 12,000,000 12,000,000 12,000,000 12,000,000 12,000,000 12,000,000 13,000,000 14,000,000 15,000,000 15,000,000 15,000,000 16,000,000 16,000,000 16,000,000 16,000,000 16,000,000 16,000,000 16,000,000 16,000,000	100,000 80,000 80,000 80,000 40,000 40,000 45,000 15,000 15,000 25,000 25,000 100,000 50,000 50,000 125,000 125,000 125,000 50,000 50,000 50,000 50,000 50,000 50,000 50,000 50,000 50,000 50,000 50,000 50,000 50,000 50,000	94,090 60,000 all 20,000 all 77,75532 all all all all all all all all all al	200\$ 200 200 200 200 200 200 200 200 200	commercial do Nio de Janeiro. Commercia do Nio de Janeiro. Commercia de Constructor do Readi Credito Movel Credito Ned de Univel. Credito Ned de Univel. Credito Ned de Univel. Funcionarios Publicos. Hypothecario do Brazil Lavoura e Commercio Macional Intalleiro. Republica de Univel. Republica de Univel. do and series. Nural e Hypothecario. do and series. Com. e Industriantis. Com. e Cudito Read de Silvan Gerres. do and series. Credito Read de Silvan Gerres. Javiadores. S. Paulio. Culia de S. Paulio. Culia de S. Paulio. Culia de S. Paulio. Culia de S. Paulio.	200\$ 200 200 200 200 200 200 200 200 200	4.000,0003 (3) 120,000 (1) (6) (5) (6) (6) (7) (6) (6) (6) (7) (7) (6) (6) (7) (7) (7) (7) (7) (7) (7) (7) (7) (7	Sec.   Jan.   1900	203500 211500 115 0.00 185 0.00 135 0.00 18 300 11 500 11 500 3 000 5 0.00 10 000 15 0.00 110 000 15 0.00 110 000 15 0.00 124 000 122 0.00 140 000 122 0.00 150 000 123 0.00 150 000 130 000 150 000 130 000 150 000 130 000 150 000 130 000 150 000 130 000 150 000 130 000 150 000 155 000
Capital	Shaves	Emitted	Par	Railways	Paid	Reserve fund	fast Dividend	Last quotation
5,500,000 5,000,000 12,000,000 20,000,000 62,000,000 10,000,000 70,000,000 1,600,000 20,000,000 12,500,000	\$50,000 \$00,000 \$00,000 100,000 310,000 — 100,000 \$50,000 100,000 02,500	all	£ 10 109\$ 200 do 200 do 200 de do 100 de 200  200 200 do	Leopoldina. Miass de S. Jeronymo. Macarie C Campos. Macarie C Campos. Marie Molecule. Miassistica de Minus do do do Guilombo. do Unifao Volenciura. Unifao Volenciura. Sapucalty. Tocantins e Aragnaya.	£ 10 100\$ 200 100 100 700 75 20 100 80 200 40 200 200 55	51,955\$ 65,000 2,901,489 1,463,242 45,710	2\$000 Pcb. 1900  int. Sepl. 93  int. Jan. 91  6 % June. 92 66500, Pcb. 86	11\$500— 50 010 27.00— 50 010 27.00— 5 000 10 000— 12 000 1 000— 12 000 1 000— 40 000 4 250—
Capital	Shaves	Emitted	Par	Tranuways	Paid	Reserve fund	Last Dividend	Last quotation
2,500,000\$ 6,000,000 700,000 14,000,000 12,000,000 3,000,000 500,000	25,000 30,000 7,000- 70,000 60,000 15,000 8,000	all all ail oll 59,300 all all	100\$ 200 100 200 360 200 100	Carioct Caris Urhanos Coreovado (and Hotel) Jardim Botanico S. Christovao Villa Lusbel Pernauthneo	100\$ 200 100 200 200 200 200 100	168,737 6,971 642.448\$ 105,899\$ 32,409	1\$500. July 91 3 000, May 1900 5 000, Jan. 99 5 d' June 99 4 000, Felt. 1900	80\$100 155\$000 19\$ 000 120 000 125 000110 000 110 000
Capital	Shares	Emilled	Par	Stezmships	Paul	Reserve fund	Last Dividend	' Last quotation
1,000,000 28,000,000 5 000,000 673,400 1,000,001	5,000 140,000 25,000 3,367 5,000	all all all all 2,750	200 200 200 200 200 260	Esperança Maritima. Lloyd Braziletro Navegação Costeira 5. João Ga Barra e Campos Sul Paulista.	2003 200 200 200 200 80	350,000\$ 59.598	9\$000, Jan. 1900 10 000, Feb. 1900	200f000 25300- 300 000
Capital	Sharrs	Emilled	Par	Cotton Mills, etc.	Po id	Reserve fund	Last Dividend	Last quotation
1,000,000 \$ 2,000,	50,000 \$ 12,000   2,500   30,000   18,000   30,000   22,500   10,000   6,000   4,000   7,500   20,000   6,000   4,500   1,800   1,800   12,000   10,000   17,500	uli	2001 2000 2000 2000 2000 2000 2000 2000	America Fabril. Botalogo (aniagem). Buazi Industrial. Carfoca. Cardoca. Candunga Industrial. Condunga Industrial. I. Izabel. I. Izabel. Fabril Paulistana. Industrial Mincira. Maggense. Manufactora Flumineuse. Fetropolitana. Fink (Woolens). S. Kelix. S. Kelix. Sanja Luzia. S. Jodo. S. Jedro de Alcantara. Unido Fabril.	200 200 200 200 200 200 200 200 200 200		105cc - Jan. 150c  1 000 - Aug. 36  1 000 - Reb. 1500  1 2 000 - Reb. 1500  12 000 - Reb. 1500  12 000 - Reb. 1500  13 000 - Reb. 1500  14 000 - Reb. 1500  15 000 - Jan. 1500  16 000 - Reb. 1500  17 000 - Jan. 1500  4 000 - Jan. 1500  4 000 - Jan. 1500  - ditto 1500  10 000 - Jan. 1500  11 000 - Jan. 1500  12 000 - Jan. 1500  13 000 - Jan. 1500  14 000 - Jan. 1500  17 000 - Jan. 1500	17,5000 — 1996ca 115,000 — 250 000 165,000 — 195,000 170,000 — 195,000 180,000 — 150,000 — 150,000 — 150,000 — 150,000 — 150,000 — 150,000 — 150,000 — 150,000 — 150,000
Capital	· Shares	Emitted	Far	lnsurence	Paid	Reserve fuud	Last Dividend	Lust Quotation.
3,000,000\$ 3,000,000 2,000,000 4,000,000 4,000,000 2,500,000 2,500,000 1,000,000 2,500,000	15,000 5,000 10,000 20,000 8,000 2,500 10,000 12,500 10,000	alt all 9,735 10,000 4,000 all all all all all	2008 1,000 200 200 500 1,000 200 100 200 200	Allianca Argos Fluminense Bonanga Confiniera Fidelidade Garantia Geral Into-uninsatora Pri vidente: Prosperidade	150 150 20	300,000\$ 15,5%4 200,000 366,374 252,000 400,000 40,000 500,000	15000, July 97 25 000, Juni 1900 1 500, ditto 199 3 000, ditto 190 7 000, ditto 190 8 000, ditto 190 2 000, lilito 1500 1 000, ditto 1900 5 000, ditto 1900 1 500, ditto 1500	380\$000— 5\$500 40 0000— 6 000 145 000— 10 000 18 000— 40 000 17 000—
Capital	Shares	Emitted	Par	Miscellaneous	Paid	Reserve fund	Last Dividend	Last Quotation
\$00,000\$ \$,000,000 \$60,000,000 \$,000,000 \$,000,000 \$,000,000 \$,000,000	10,000 25,000 25,000 15,000 15,000 233,000 10,000 5,000 15,000 15,000 10,000 93,128 20,000 7,500 3,000	all	500 200 200	Cruzeiro (match factory).  Donas de Santos.  Empresa Industrial Brazileira  Edificatora.  Methoramentos no Brazil.  Gazatta de Notteias (newspaper).  Letras Jacobiciase (newspaper).  Letras Jacobiciase do Brazil.  Mombos Finninense (flour milis).  Sa neamento do R.de J. louiding society  Transporte e Carringers.	200 200 200 200 200 200 200 100 100 100	2, 237, 379 14,073 6,566, 142 2, 53, 259 4,5577 1,547,029 300,000 39,267 714,948 400,000 70,674	1 500, Jan. 99  Mar. 95  Juh. 1900  40 co., Juh. 1900  10°/o- Ang. 91  8 000, ditto 92  4 000, feb. 95  10 000, Feb. 95  12 000, Feb. 92  2 000, Feb. 92  5 000, July 99  5 000, July 99	3065000— 480 000— 16 000— 18 000— 19 000— 91 000— 94 000 — 19 000 — 150 000 — 150 000

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,,	11	**	4	**	9	,,		9\$600
+1	**	**			19			9\$000
11	**	11	20	ur	Wil	rds	• • • •	8\$400

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ges it has been increased to twelve, as an advertising medium The News, occup cepticulally advantageous position. It circulated the thoughout Brazil, and also in Brimpa a nited States. Its subscribers are principally in interested in Brazillan trade, industries a stinents. No other periodical, even with a regent production, can offer better inducements trusters who seek the attention of these classes.

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